



*East Riding of Yorkshire*

# **Pharmaceutical Needs Assessment**

## **2010-2013**

## **Final Draft**

**Publication Date**  
**Next Review Date (+3 years)**

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## **Accompanying documents**

The following appendices accompany the draft PNA. Due to their large size, they are provided separately. To view or obtain copies of the documents please:

- Visit our website at: [www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna](http://www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna)
- Request by telephone on: 01482 672101
- Email us on: [contactus@erypct.nhs.uk](mailto:contactus@erypct.nhs.uk).

## **Appendices**

1. PNA development steering group Terms of Reference
2. Copy of Pharmacy PNA Questionnaire to Pharmacies
3. Summary of Other Relevant Pharmaceutical Services
4. NHS East Riding of Yorkshire Statement on Local Pharmaceutical Services Designation
5. Overview of Population – NHS East Riding of Yorkshire
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## **Electoral Ward maps**

## GLOSSARY

<b>100 Hours Pharmacy</b>	A pharmacy that has been granted an NHS contract under a control of entry exemption requiring it to open for at least 100 hours per week.
<b>Anticoagulant</b>	Anticoagulant medicines reduce the ability of the blood to clot (coagulation means clotting). This is necessary if the blood clots too much, as blood clots can block blood vessels and lead to conditions such as a stroke or a heart attack.
<b>Any Willing Provider</b>	A procurement model that PCTs can use to develop a register of providers accredited to deliver a range of specified services within a community setting.
<b>Appliance Use Review</b>	An Advanced Service provided either by a pharmacist or dispensing appliance contractor health professional to improve the patient's knowledge and use of specified appliances.
<b>Buprenorphine (see also Methadone)</b>	Buprenorphine is a medicine which is used in the treatment of patients dependent on opioids (e.g. heroin).
<b>Buprenorphine supervised consumption service</b>	An enhanced service where individuals on a buprenorphine programme take their medication under supervision in a private room within the pharmacy.
<b>Commissioning</b>	A continuous cycle of activities that underpins and delivers on the overall strategic plan for healthcare provision and health improvement of the population. These activities include stakeholders agreeing and specifying services to be delivered over the long term through partnership working, as well as contract negotiation, target setting, providing incentives and monitoring.
<b>Community pharmacy contractors</b>	A pharmacy that holds an NHS contract with the PCT ( see Community Pharmacy Contractual Framework)
<b>Community pharmacy contractual framework</b>	The nationally agreed NHS pharmacy contract that community pharmacies operate under when providing NHS services
<b>Controlled locality</b>	An area which has been determined to be 'rural in character'.
<b>Coronary Heart Disease</b>	Coronary heart disease is the term that describes what happens when the heart's blood supply is blocked or interrupted by a build-up of fatty substances in the coronary arteries.
<b>Diagnostics</b>	Procedures used to distinguish one disease from another e.g. laboratory tests, x-rays, endoscopies
<b>Dispensing appliance contractors</b>	Appliance suppliers are a specific sub-set of NHS pharmacy contractors but, as the title suggests, they specialise in the supply (on prescription) of appliances, notably stoma and incontinence appliances. Appliance suppliers are subject to

	different remuneration arrangements to community pharmacists, but they must follow the same procedures to become an NHS contractor by applying for entry to an NHS Board's pharmaceutical list, and thereby are subject to same terms of service as detailed in regulations.
<b>Dispensing doctor</b>	A GP who may dispense NHS prescriptions for their own patients who live in a controlled locality and live more than 1.6 km (1 mile) (as the crow flies) from a pharmacy.
<b>DWP</b>	Department for Work and Pensions
<b>ePACT</b>	Electronic Prescribing Analysis and Cost. A service which provides analysis of prescribing data held on the NHS Prescriptions Services prescribing database.
<b>GP Access Centre</b>	The purpose of a GP Access Centre is to improve access to GP services. They are generally open from 8am – 8pm, 7 days a week every day of the year. They offer bookable GP appointments and also walk in services so that they can provide services to registered and non registered patients. The PCT has one GP Access Centre in Bridlington.
<b>Gluten free</b>	Gluten is a protein that is found in three types of cereal wheat, barley and rye. This means that people who have gluten intolerance (known as coeliac disease) cannot eat foods that contain gluten. Gluten free food enables individuals to eat foods that normally would contain gluten e.g. pasta, breakfast cereals and most types of bread.
<b>Immunisation</b>	Immunisation or vaccination is usually given by an injection and makes the body's immune system produce antibodies that will fight off a virus.
<b>JSNA (Joint Strategic Needs Assessment)</b>	Joint Strategic Needs Assessment describes a process that identifies current and future health and wellbeing needs in light of existing services, and informs future service planning taking into account evidence of effectiveness.
<b>LINks (Local Involvement Networks)</b>	LINks are made up of individual members and voluntary sector representatives. They cover all publicly funded health and social care services in an area, no matter who provides them. They make it easier for people who commission and manage health and care services to talk to communities and find out what they want. LINks are part of the local accountability and scrutiny arrangements and have powers requiring health and social care managers to respond to them. For more information visit <a href="http://www.erylink.org.uk">www.erylink.org.uk</a> .
<b>LMC (Local Medical Committee)</b>	Local Medical Committees are the local representative organisations for General Practitioners (GPs) in a local health economy area, e.g. within a PCT. They represent all GPs in their geographical area on clinical and

	professional matters.
<b>Long term condition</b>	Those conditions (eg diabetes, asthma and arthritis) that cannot, at present, be cured but whose progress can be managed and influenced by medication and other therapies.
<b>LPC (Local Pharmacy Committee)</b>	Local Pharmacy Committees are the local representative organisation for Pharmacists in a local health economy area, e.g. within a PCT. They represent all Pharmacists in their geographical area on clinical and professional matters.
<b>LPS</b>	Local Pharmaceutical Services. A pharmacy contract commissioned locally for NHS pharmaceutical services, tailored to meet specific requirements.
<b>LPS designation</b>	The geographical area determined by the PCT where an LPS contract may/will be awarded to meet specific local requirements.
<b>Market entry</b>	The route by which new NHS pharmacy contracts are considered and granted.
<b>Medicines Use Review and Prescription Intervention Service</b>	The medicines use review (MUR) service is a structured review that is undertaken by an accredited pharmacist, in premises that have been accredited, to help patients to manage their medicines more effectively and provide patients with appropriate information and advice about their medicines. The purpose of carrying out a MUR is to improve the person's knowledge, understanding and use of the medicines that they have been prescribed.
<b>Methadone (see also Buprenorphine)</b>	Methadone hydrochloride is a medicine which is used as a substitute for an opioid drug (eg heroin). Methadone can be used in two ways: <b>withdrawal therapy</b> , where the doses of medication are gradually reduced over time before the treatment is withdrawn, and <b>maintenance therapy</b> , where you receive regular doses of medication on a long-term basis. It can also used to relieve moderate to severe pain.
<b>Minor ailments scheme</b>	Scheme that enables pharmacists to advise people with illnesses that can be treated at home, eg colds, stomach upsets etc, avoiding the need to see a GP
<b>Minor Injuries Unit</b>	Examples of minor injuries are cuts, bruises, scalds and suspected closed limb fractures. The role of a minor injury unit or service would be to provide treatment for such minor injuries.
<b>ONS</b>	Office for National Statistics
<b>Oral contraceptive</b>	A contraceptive in the form of a pill containing oestrogen and progestogen to inhibit ovulation and so prevent conception/pregnancy.
<b>Out of hours service</b>	Healthcare cover provided outside the normal working hours of community health care professionals, usually from 6pm-8am Monday –

	Friday and 24 hours during weekends and Bank Holidays.
<b>Palliative care</b>	Supportive Service for those who are living with disease that is not curable e.g. cancer or multiple sclerosis.
<b>Patient group direction</b>	Patient Group Directions (PGDs) are NHS documents permitting the supply of prescription-only medicines (POMs) to groups of patients, without individual prescriptions.
<b>Pharmacy</b>	A retail shop where medicines are sold. Pharmacies offer many services, the main ones are the dispensing of prescriptions and advice on medication and treatment for minor ailments.
<b>Prescribing support service</b>	Advice to all prescribers on clinical and cost effective prescribing and legal requirements relating to this.
<b>Prescription</b>	An order provided by a medical professional e.g. doctor advising of the type and dose of medication for the treatment of illness that is available only with written instructions from a medical professional.
<b>Prescription Intervention service</b>	See Medicines Use Review
<b>Primary care</b>	Services provided by family doctors, dentists, pharmacists, optometrists and ophthalmic practitioners together with district nurses and health visitors, with administrative support.
<b>PSNC</b>	Pharmaceutical Services Negotiating Committee. The body recognised by the Secretary of State for Health as the representative of community pharmacy on NHS matters.
<b>Reserved location</b>	A reserved location is designated, in a controlled locality, where the total patient population within 1.6km (1 mile) of the proposed location of a new pharmacy is less than 2,750 at the time an application is received.
<b>Screening service</b>	A service that, through a simple test can diagnose potential illness at various stages of development. Screening can be carried out for various conditions, e.g. Chlamydia and other sexually transmitted diseases.
<b>Sexual health service</b>	A service that provides advice on sexual health and family planning, medical treatment and the promotion of sexual health and wellbeing to men, women and adolescents.
<b>SHA (Strategic Health Authority)</b>	Strategic health authorities (SHA) are part of the structure of the current. Each SHA is responsible for enacting the directives and implementing financial policy as dictated by the Department of Health at a regional level. Each SHA area contains various NHS Trusts which take responsibility for running or commissioning local NHS services. The SHA is responsible for strategic supervision of these services.
<b>Stoma</b>	A stoma is a pouch that is created inside the body

	through a surgical procedure. They are typically used to treat some types of cancer within the abdominal area where the end of the colon can be re-routed and an external pouch (stoma pouch) is attached to the opening to collect waste products.
<b>Stoma appliance customisation</b>	The customisation of stoma appliances as described above.
<b>Stop smoking/ smoking cessation service</b>	NHS services provided to people who want to stop smoking. Services include the use of medication, group support and counselling.
<b>Substance misuse</b>	The use of addictive substances such as drugs and alcohol.
<b>Supplementary prescribing service</b>	With the agreement of an independent prescriber and the patient a clinical management plan for treatment is established and followed by a supplementary prescriber.
<b>Vascular disease</b>	Vascular disease is a form of cardiovascular disease affecting the blood vessels.
<b>Weight management service</b>	NHS services provided to obese people who want to become more healthy by losing weight. Services include exercise and diet advice, group support and counselling.

# 1 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Health Act, 2009, placed a duty on all Primary Care Trusts to develop and publish a Pharmaceutical Needs Assessment (PNA) that reflects local health needs. The subsequent NHS (Pharmaceutical Services and Local Pharmaceutical Services) (Amendment) Regulations 2010, which came into force on 24<sup>th</sup> May 2010, mean that each PCT must publish a copy of its approved PNA on or before 1<sup>st</sup> February 2011. This will be the basis for determining future pharmaceutical service provision and market entry to support local health need.

This consultation document sets out the background to the development of the PNA in NHS East Riding of Yorkshire. An overview of the regulations is provided in addition to the range of pharmaceutical services that are currently provided or may be commissioned in the future.

The geographical area of the PCT has been divided into localities, based on electoral wards, for the purpose of reviewing service provision.

Patients' views of community pharmacy services, obtained from the PCT Insight Poll in 2009, have also been used to inform the PNA.

A comprehensive range of sources have been used to identify the social and health profile of the PCT population and this document provides full details at electoral ward level of:

- Population demographics: age, income, deprivation, health needs
- Number and location of community pharmacies and dispensing doctor practices
- Analysis of any gaps in necessary services
- Analysis of any gaps in improved services or access to services
- Suggested new or future services

A comprehensive table is provided at the end of this executive summary which indicates potential gaps in service provision including:

- Necessary service provision in four electoral wards, relating to extended hours
- Improvements and better access in eighteen wards
- Potential new provision in twenty wards

NHS East Riding of Yorkshire is required to consult on this PNA for a period of 60 days, commencing on 2<sup>nd</sup> August 2010 and closing on 1<sup>st</sup> October 2010. The final PNA will take into account comments received and be published before 1<sup>st</sup> February 2010.

A questionnaire is provided for comments on the PNA and must be returned by Friday 1<sup>st</sup> October 2010.

## Summary of Gaps in Provision at Electoral Ward Level

Electoral Ward	Gaps in Necessary Provision	Improvements and Better Access	Potential future services
Bridlington North	None	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Supervised buprenorphine consumption service.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Emergency supply of medicines service</li> <li>▪ NHS Health Checks</li> <li>▪ Weight management services</li> <li>▪ Medicines management services for specific long term conditions (e.g. CHD and diabetes)</li> <li>▪ Domiciliary medication support service</li> </ul>
Bridlington Central and Old Town	None	None	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Emergency supply of medicines service</li> <li>▪ NHS Health Checks</li> <li>▪ Weight management services</li> <li>▪ Medicines management services for specific long term conditions (e.g. CHD and COPD)</li> <li>▪ Domiciliary medication support service</li> </ul>
Bridlington South	None	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Smoking cessation counselling service</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Emergency supply of medicines service</li> <li>▪ NHS Health Checks</li> <li>▪ Weight management services</li> <li>▪ Screening and brief intervention service for alcohol consumption</li> <li>▪ Medicines management services for specific long term conditions (e.g. CHD and COPD)</li> <li>▪ Domiciliary medication support service</li> </ul>
East Wolds and Coastal	None	None	None
Driffield and Rural	None	None	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ NHS Health Checks</li> <li>▪ Medicines management services for specific long term conditions (e.g. stroke)</li> <li>▪ Domiciliary medication support service</li> </ul>

Electoral Ward	Gaps in Necessary Provision	Improvements and Better Access	Potential future services
Wolds Weighton	None	None	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ NHS Health Checks</li> <li>▪ Weight management services</li> <li>Medicines management services for specific long term conditions (e.g. CHD)</li> </ul>
Pocklington Provincial	None	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Needle exchange service</li> <li>▪ Smoking cessation counselling service</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ NHS Health Check</li> </ul>
North Holderness	None	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Supervised buprenorphine consumption service</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Emergency supply of medicines service</li> <li>▪ NHS Health Checks</li> <li>▪ Medicines management services for specific long term conditions (e.g. COPD)</li> <li>▪ Domiciliary medication support service</li> </ul>
Mid Holderness	None	None	None
South West Holderness	None	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Supervised buprenorphine consumption service</li> <li>▪ Smoking cessation counselling service</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ NHS Health Checks</li> <li>▪ Domiciliary medication support service</li> </ul>
South East Holderness	None	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Medicines Use review (in one part of the ward only)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Emergency supply of medicines service</li> <li>▪ NHS Health Checks</li> <li>▪ Weight management services</li> <li>▪ Medicines management services for specific long term conditions (e.g. CHD, COPD and diabetes)</li> <li>▪ Domiciliary medication support service</li> </ul>

<b>Electoral Ward</b>	<b>Gaps in Necessary Provision</b>	<b>Improvements and Better Access</b>	<b>Potential future services</b>
Beverley Rural	None	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Supervised buprenorphine consumption service</li> <li>▪ Needle exchange service.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ NHS Health Checks</li> </ul>
St Mary's (Beverley)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Inadequate provision between 8pm and 11pm Monday to Friday, 6pm to 11pm on Saturday and 4pm to 7pm on Sundays.</li> </ul>	None	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ NHS Health Checks</li> <li>▪ Domiciliary medication support service</li> </ul>
Minster and Woodmansey	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Inadequate provision between 8pm and 11pm Monday to Friday, 6pm to 11pm on Saturday and 4pm to 7pm on Sundays.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Supervised methadone consumption service.</li> <li>▪ Supervised buprenorphine consumption service</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ NHS Health Checks</li> <li>▪ Weight management services (aimed at under 14s)</li> </ul>
Dale	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Elloughton village</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Supervised buprenorphine consumption service</li> <li>▪ Needle exchange service</li> <li>▪ Smoking cessation counselling service</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ NHS Health Checks</li> </ul>
Cottingham North	None	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Supervised buprenorphine consumption service.</li> <li>▪ Needle exchange service</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ PGDs to enable the supply of medicines related to sexual health</li> <li>▪ NHS Health Checks</li> </ul>
Cottingham South	None	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Supervised buprenorphine consumption service.</li> <li>▪ Needle exchange service</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ NHS Health Checks</li> <li>▪ Medicines management services for specific long term conditions (e.g. CHD, COPD and diabetes)</li> <li>▪ Domiciliary medication support service</li> </ul>
Willerby and Kirk Ella	None	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Needle exchange service</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ NHS Health Checks</li> <li>▪ Domiciliary medication support service</li> </ul>

<b>Electoral Ward</b>	<b>Gaps in Necessary Provision</b>	<b>Improvements and Better Access</b>	<b>Potential future services</b>
Tranby	None	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Supervised buprenorphine consumption service.</li> <li>▪ Needle exchange service</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ NHS Health Checks</li> </ul>
South Hunsley	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Inadequate provision in Swanland between 5.30pm and 6.30pm on Mondays, Wednesdays and Thursdays</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Supervised buprenorphine consumption service.</li> <li>▪ Needle exchange service</li> <li>▪ Smoking cessation counselling service</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ NHS Health Checks</li> </ul>
Hessle	None	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Supervised buprenorphine consumption service.</li> <li>▪ Smoking cessation counselling service</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ NHS Health Checks</li> <li>▪ Medicines management services for specific long term conditions (e.g. COPD)</li> </ul>
Howdenshire	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Inadequate provision in Holme on Spalding Moor between 6pm and 7.30pm on Mondays and Wednesdays</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Supervised buprenorphine consumption service.</li> <li>▪ Needle exchange service</li> <li>▪ Smoking Cessation service</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ NHS Health Checks</li> </ul>
Howden	None	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Needle exchange service</li> <li>▪ Smoking cessation counselling service</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ NHS Health Checks</li> </ul>
Goole North	None	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Smoking cessation counseling service</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ NHS Health Checks</li> <li>▪ Weight management services</li> <li>▪ Medicines management services for specific long term conditions (e.g. CHD and COPD)</li> </ul>

Electoral Ward	Gaps in Necessary Provision	Improvements and Better Access	Potential future services
Goole South	None	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Supervised buprenorphine consumption service.</li> <li>▪ Smoking cessation counselling service</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ NHS Health Checks</li> <li>▪ Weight management services</li> <li>▪ Medicines management services for specific long term conditions (e.g. CHD, COPD and diabetes)</li> <li>▪ Screening and brief intervention service for alcohol consumption</li> <li>▪ PGDs to enable the supply of medicines related to sexual health</li> </ul>
Snaith, Airmyn, Rawcliffe and Marshland	None	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Supervised buprenorphine consumption service.</li> <li>▪ Needle exchange service</li> <li>▪ Smoking cessation counselling service</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ NHS Health Checks</li> <li>▪ Weight management services</li> <li>▪ Medicines management services for specific long term conditions (e.g. CHD and diabetes)</li> <li>▪ PGDs to enable the supply of medicines related to sexual health</li> </ul>

## 2 INTRODUCTION

### **Background**

This Pharmaceutical Needs Assessment (PNA) is published by NHS East Riding of Yorkshire (NHS ERY) (the PCT) to fulfill the requirements of Section 128A of the NHS Act 2006. A copy of this document is available on the PCT website at [www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna](http://www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna)

- 2.1. The White Paper, *Pharmacy in England: Building on Strengths – delivering the future*, published on 3<sup>rd</sup> April 2008 by the Department of Health (DH) set out the Government's programme for a 21<sup>st</sup> Century pharmaceutical service. The paper identified practical, achievable ways in which pharmacists and their teams can contribute to improving patient care through delivering personalised pharmaceutical services in the coming years. It therefore proposed structural changes to primary legislation and actions to reform the current regulatory system.
- 2.2. Subsequently, the Health Act 2009 contained the powers needed to require PCTs to develop and publish PNAs and use them as the basis for determining market entry to NHS pharmaceutical services provision subject to further regulations.
- 2.3. Finally, the National Health Service (Pharmaceutical Services) (Amendment) SI 2010/914 Regulations 2010 (the Regulations), which came into force on 24<sup>th</sup> May 2010, covered the development and publication of PNAs. The development of this PNA and its subsequent publication was carried out in accordance with these Regulations.

### **PNA Development in NHS East Riding of Yorkshire**

(ref Schedule 3A [7])

- 2.4. The NHS ERY PNA Steering Group was responsible for overseeing the development of this PNA in 2010. The Terms of Reference and membership of this group are included in Appendix One.
- 2.5. The Steering Group issued a PNA questionnaire to pharmacies, published by the Pharmaceutical Services Negotiating Committee (PSNC), to all NHS ERY community pharmacy contractors in June 2010 and responses were collated in July 2010. A copy of the questionnaire is included in Appendix Two. This draft PNA was then developed based on information held by the PCT and the responses received from the questionnaire.
- 2.6. In accordance with Part 1A (Regulation 3D[1]) of the Regulations NHS East Riding of Yorkshire will, as a minimum, publish a revised PNA within 3 years of the publication of this document.
- 2.7. In addition, the PCT will make a new assessment of pharmaceutical need sooner than this, should it identify any changes to the availability of pharmaceutical services that have occurred since the publication of this PNA. This will be undertaken only where, in the PCTs view, the changes are so substantial that the publication of a new assessment is a proportionate response.

- 2.8. In accordance with Part 1A (Regulation 3D[3]) of the Regulations, a supplementary statement explaining changes to the availability of pharmaceutical services since the publication of this PNA will be issued whenever
- a. there has been a change to the availability of pharmaceutical services; and
  - b. this change is relevant to the granting of applications to open a new pharmacy, to relocate or to provide additional services; and
  - c. the PCT is satisfied that the publication of a revised PNA would be a disproportionate response.

The PCT Board has delegated the responsibility for the issuing of supplementary statements to the Pharmacy and Dispensing Panel. Supplementary statements will be a statement of fact and will not make any assessment on the impact of the change on the need for pharmaceutical services within a locality. All supplementary statements will be published with the PNA on the PCT website at [www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna](http://www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna)

## **Definition of Pharmaceutical Services**

- 2.9. When carrying out this assessment of need for pharmaceutical services the PCT has, in accordance with Part 1A (Regulation 3A[2]), firstly considered all the pharmaceutical services that are provided under arrangements made with the PCT.

### **Community Pharmacy Contractors**

- 2.10. For community pharmacy contractors on its pharmaceutical list the PCT has considered as pharmaceutical services all Essential Services, all Advanced Services and those Enhanced Services as set out in Directions and outlined in the Community Pharmacy Contractual Framework. These have been used in this document to assess the adequacy of provision of pharmaceutical services.

- 2.11. Essential Services are a range of “core activities” that patients can expect from every Community Pharmacy:

- Dispensing of medicines
- Repeat dispensing (subject to GP Practice agreement)
- Destruction of unwanted medicines
- Public Health advice on healthy living
- Signposting to other health services
- Support for self care
- Operating within a clinical and practice quality framework

- 2.12. Community pharmacies may also offer, but are not obliged to offer, Advanced Services as defined by the Pharmaceutical Services (Advanced and Enhanced Services) (England) Directions 2005. Currently there are three services:

- Medicines Use Review and Prescription Intervention Service – to help patients use their medicines more effectively
- Appliance Use Review (only in pharmacies providing an appliance dispensing service)
- Stoma Appliance Customisation (only in pharmacies providing an appliance dispensing service)

2.13. The Enhanced Services, as defined by the Pharmaceutical Services (Advanced and Enhanced Services) (England) Directions 2005, are services which can be locally commissioned by the PCT according to the needs of the population:

- Anticoagulant monitoring service
- Care homes service
- Disease specific medicines management service
- Gluten free food supply service
- Home delivery service
- Language access service
- Medication review service
- Medicines assessment and compliance support service\*
- Minor ailments scheme\*
- Needle and syringe exchange service\*
- On demand availability of specialist drugs service\*
- Out of hours service
- Patient group direction service\*
- Prescriber support service
- Schools service
- Screening service
- Stop smoking service\*
- Supervised administration service\*
- Supplementary prescribing service

\* Services currently commissioned by the PCT

2.14. The 2008 document **Pharmacy in England: *Building on strengths – delivering the future*** suggests a range of further improvements in pharmaceutical services which could be commissioned from community pharmacy as part of an overall strategy to ensure safe, effective, fairer and more personalised patient care. These aspirations, which have been considered in this document, include:

- Support for obesity, for example weight management services and diagnostic screening for vascular disease (NHS Health Checks)
- Smoking cessation services
- Sexual health services, for example direct supply of oral contraceptives
- Support for substance misuse, including alcohol
- Support for older people to help them use their medicines effectively
- Support for patients with long term conditions, especially those who are newly diagnosed
- Support for mental health
- Services to reduce medication-related harm

2.15. Consideration has also been given in this assessment to pharmaceutical services provided by community pharmacy contractors on neighbouring PCTs pharmaceutical lists, but who provide services to the PCTs population.

2.16. In considering current and future access to community pharmacies, a balance between sustainability of the pharmaceutical services provided and value for money must be ensured.

## **Dispensing Doctors**

- 2.17. For dispensing doctors on its dispensing doctors list, for the purposes of this assessment, the PCT has only identified and considered dispensing of drugs and appliances services as pharmaceutical services. (Ref Part 1A Regulation 3A[2c])
- 2.18. Consideration has also been given in this assessment to dispensing services provided by dispensing doctors on neighbouring PCTs dispensing doctors lists, but who provide services to the NHS ERY population.

## **Controlled Localities**

- 2.19. A controlled locality is an area which has been determined to be 'rural in character'. The overall objective of defining rural areas as controlled localities is to help the PCT ensure that patients in rural areas have access to pharmaceutical services which are no less adequate than would be the case in a non controlled locality.
- 2.20. Where a PCT has determined that an area is controlled (i.e. rural in character), provided certain conditions are met, doctors as well as pharmacies can dispense medicines for patients. However, GPs may only dispense NHS prescriptions for their own patients who live in a controlled locality and live more than 1.6 km (1 mile) (as the crow flies) from a pharmacy. The main purpose of this is to ensure patients in rural areas who might have difficulty getting to their nearest pharmacy can access the medicines they need. Patients that live in a non controlled area or within 1.6 km (1mile) of a pharmacy must access their pharmaceutical services from a pharmacy.
- 2.21. The PCT area is currently predominantly made up of rural, controlled areas. The exceptions to this are the areas within the urban boundaries (as defined by the local Authority) of the following: Beverley (including Woodmansey), Bilton, Bridlington, Driffield, Elloughton cum Brough (including Welton), Goole, Haltemprice (including Cottingham, Willerby, Anlaby, Kirk Ella and Hessle), Hedon, Hornsea and Withernsea. These areas are shown in more detail on the maps provided in maps 1 – 11.
- 2.22. The PCT may review, consider and determine the question of whether an area is, or continues to be, a controlled locality at any time. The question may also be raised at any time by the Local Pharmaceutical Committee or the Local Medical Committee.

## **Reserved Locations**

- 2.23. A reserved location is designated, in a controlled locality, where the total patient population within 1.6km (1mile) of the proposed location of a new pharmacy is less than 2,750 at the time an application is received. The concept of reserved locations was first introduced in the Pharmaceutical Regulations in 2005 and is primarily intended to protect the dispensing rights of an existing dispensing service with premises in an area to be designated as a reserved location.
- 2.24. In normal circumstances, if a pharmacy opens in a controlled locality patients living within 1.6km (1 mile) of the pharmacy would cease receiving dispensing services from their dispensing doctor and instead use the services of the

pharmacy. In a reserved location this would not apply; patients would continue to be able to exercise a choice as to whether to continue receiving dispensing from their dispensing doctor or from the pharmacy. The reason for this is that below 2,750 patients the viability of a pharmacy is questionable. It therefore allows dispensing practices to continue to provide dispensing services to those patients that wish to continue receiving services.

- 2.25. To date the PCT has formally designated only one reserved location in response to an application to open a new pharmacy in Keyingham within immediate proximity of two GP practices with premises dispensing rights. This reserved location is depicted on the map at in map 12.
- 2.26. Reserved location status will continue to be considered and determined by the PCT as required by the Pharmaceutical Regulations in response to applications for new pharmacies in controlled localities.

### **Mail Order/Wholly Internet Pharmacies**

- 2.27. The PCT has also considered and assessed pharmaceutical services provided to its population by mail order/wholly internet pharmacies that are not on its pharmaceutical list. Analysis of ePACT data indicates that the number of prescriptions dispensed by mail order/wholly internet pharmacies is minimal and has therefore no significant impact on the provision of pharmaceutical services across the PCT.

### **Dispensing Appliance Contractors**

- 2.28. Dispensing appliance contractors are unable to supply medicines. Most specialise in supplying stoma appliances.
- 2.29. The PCT has considered and assessed the provision of pharmaceutical services to its population by dispensing appliance contractors that are not on its own pharmaceutical list. Analysis of ePACT data suggests that only 0.5% of the total PCT prescription volume is dispensed by dispensing appliance contractors not on its own pharmaceutical list. At ward level the highest percentage identified was 0.62% of a GP practice prescription volume. The PCT therefore considers that the dispensing of prescriptions by dispensing appliance contractors not on its pharmaceutical list has no significant impact on the provision of pharmaceutical services across the PCT.
- 2.30. The PCT does not currently have any dispensing appliance contractors included on its own pharmaceutical list.
- 2.31. A new contract for appliance contractors was published in April 2010, which allows appliance contractors to provide Appliance Use Reviews (AUR) and stoma customisation services (SCS). Community Pharmacies who dispense appliances can also choose to provide these advanced services. The PCT will ensure that, whilst the requirement for such services is low, people who need to access these services can do so within the neighbouring wards.

### **Local Pharmaceutical Services (LPS) Contractors**

- 2.32. The PCT does not currently have any Local Pharmaceutical Service (LPS) contractors.

## **Other Relevant Services**

2.33. The PCT has identified and considered pharmaceutical services provided by other providers including :-

- NHS Hospital Trusts
- Foundation Trusts
- Community Services providers
- NHS ERY Medicines Management Team
- Private Providers

A summary of the services identified and considered can be found in Appendix Three

## **NHS East Riding of Yorkshire Local Pharmaceutical Services Designation**

2.34. The PCT Board designated the whole of the East Riding of Yorkshire area for LPS on 6 May 2010 for a period of 12 months. This designation will be reconsidered by the PCT Board in November 2010. Further information and a map of the designated area are provided in Appendix Four.

## **Determination of Localities**

2.35. NHS East Riding of Yorkshire is one of 14 PCTs in the Yorkshire and Humber Strategic Health Authority (SHA). Its boundaries are coterminous with the boundaries of the unitary authority East Riding of Yorkshire Council (ERYC) (see Map 13). The East Riding is the largest unitary authority in England. It covers a geographical area of 930 square miles and has a population of 335,049 (2008 ONS Statistics).

2.36. By population, the East Riding is the second largest non-metropolitan district in England. Its population has increased in size by 6.7% since the 2001 Census. An overview of the population of the East Riding including population projections can be found in Appendix Five.

2.37. In terms of neighbours the PCT has direct borders with the following PCTs:-

- NHS Hull
- NHS North Yorkshire and York
- NHS Doncaster
- NHS North Lincolnshire

2.38. The River Humber lies directly between the PCT and North East Lincolnshire Care Trust Plus but it has also been considered as a neighbouring PCT for this assessment.

2.39. In accordance with Part 1A (Regulation 3G[1e]) of the Regulations, the PCT considered how to assess the differing needs of different localities in the area. The various options for dividing the population into distinct localities were considered based on the geographic, demographic and social characteristics of the PCT. It concluded that the best approach to this process was to divide the PCT into the 26 electoral wards. This was because:

- The Joint Strategic Needs Assessment (JSNA) agreed between the PCT and ERYC contained some ward based data to assess needs.

- Further data to assess need was easily available at ward level
- Wards were a useful size to allow for reliable comparisons to see any variation in factors such as deprivation, age, mortality rates and admission ratios.

2.40. A full list of electoral wards considered as localities in this PNA together with a breakdown of the total PCT population by age can be found at:

[http://www.eastriding.gov.uk/corp-docs/researchgroup/Reports/Ward\\_Estimates\\_2008.pdf](http://www.eastriding.gov.uk/corp-docs/researchgroup/Reports/Ward_Estimates_2008.pdf)

## **Matters Considered when Conducting the Assessment**

2.41. The PNA was conducted in accordance with Part 1A (Regulation 3G) of the Regulations. The PCT would like to highlight the following factors that were particularly important to this PNA publication: -

- The Joint Strategic Needs Assessment for East Riding of Yorkshire conducted by the PCT and ERYC.
- The Insight Polling exercise conducted by the PCT
- The varying demography of the PCT (urban and rural areas)
- The differing needs of the population in respect of age
- The pharmaceutical services provided by pharmacies on neighbouring PCT pharmaceutical lists
- The differing needs of travelling communities
- The differing needs of migrant workers
- The seasonal variations in population in some coastal wards through an influx of holidaymakers and long stay occupants at temporary caravan sites.
- The availability of reasonable choice with regard to obtaining pharmaceutical services
- Future housing plans

## **NHS East Riding of Yorkshire Overall Profile**

2.42. **Ageing Population:** Compared with that of England, the East Riding already has a higher than average older population and a lower than average younger population. The proportion of people aged over 65 is expected to increase at a much higher rate than national and regional averages. Further details and examples of projected figures are included in Appendix Six

2.43. **Increased Prevalence of Long Term Conditions:** As the population lives longer, the number of people at risk of developing a chronic illness is likely to grow and the prevalence of chronic long term conditions is set to increase significantly as a result of this. In most cases these increases will be significantly greater for the PCT than the national and regional averages because of its ageing population. This has obvious implications in terms of the commissioning and delivery of pharmaceutical services. Further details and examples of projected figures are included in Appendix Seven.

2.44. **Areas of Deprivation:** The East Riding is the 208<sup>th</sup> most deprived region out of 354 in England on the Index of Multiple Deprivation. However, this masks the fact that there are still some very deprived sections of the PCT population. This

is highlighted where appropriate in Section 4 of this document and a more detailed paper is included in Appendix Eight.

2.45. **Ethnicity:** According to the ONS 2007 mid-year estimates:

- 95.1% of the population in East Riding is White: British. This is higher than the regional average of 88.0% and the national average of 83.6%.
- The percentage of the population who fall into minority ethnic groups rose from 3.1% in mid-2006 to 4.9% in mid-2007.
- The largest minority ethnic group is the White: Other group, an estimated 4,500 people (1.4% of the total population) in mid-2007.
- 97.7% of the retirement age population is White: British.

A copy of the report can be found at the following link:-

<http://www.eastriding.gov.uk/corp-docs/researchgroup/Reports/2007EthnicGroupEstimates.pdf>

2.46. **Gypsies and Travellers** are some of the most vulnerable and marginalised ethnic minority groups in Britain. They present a wide variety of complex and unique issues and their culture and needs are fundamentally different from many aspects of mainstream society. In the East Riding of Yorkshire permanent sites are located in Bridlington, Eppleworth and Cottingham with capacity for 57 caravans. Gypsies and travellers are most likely to suffer ill health, with life expectancy for men and women 10 years lower than the national average. Yet they can experience limited access to primary health care, including immunisation programmes for children, either because they don't have a postal address or leave sites at short notice.

2.47. **Migrant Workers:** Within the East Riding the majority of migrant worker population is centered in and around Goole. Their awareness of the different types of health provision and ability to access health care are issues that both the local Council and PCT through the local strategic partnership have tried to address in terms of breaking down language barriers and increasing health care workers understanding of their differing cultural issues.

2.48. **Indicators of Need for Pharmaceutical Services:** Poor health is related to both advancing age and material deprivation. The least healthy are likely to be the greatest users of pharmaceutical services. In addition to the information highlighting where this is particularly relevant in Section 4 of this document, Appendix Nine contains a detailed analysis of a range of health and deprivation indicators to illustrate, at Ward level, how health status varies across East Yorkshire.

2.49. **Insight Poll:** In 2009 the PCT commissioned two insight polls to be conducted on the topics of primary care and patient choice to inform future commissioning plans. Insight polling is a method for collecting high quality opinion research data on how the public views important issues. Each survey polled 1,000 people who were representative of the wider population of the East Riding. Appendix Ten shows more detail of the responses received.

- Some of the key findings of the poll with regard to the provision of pharmaceutical services in NHS ERY were:
- Across the PCT 38.4% of respondents stated that they felt pharmaceutical services were easy to access out of hours. 42.5% were not sure if they were easy to access. In the Goole locality however only 28.4% felt access was easy out of hours.

- Of the 19.1% of respondents consulted who felt that pharmaceutical services were not easy to access out of hours the vast majority of them stated that this was because pharmacies were not open late enough.
- 75% of respondents knew how to find out where their nearest pharmacy that is open outside normal working hours is. Haltemprice locality had the highest figure at 80.8%. Again the Goole locality figure was lower than all the rest at 67.6%
- 80% of respondents were aware that their local pharmacy could provide advice on minor ailments but only 48% of respondents knew that they could provide emergency contraception.
- When asked if there were any other services that they would like to see offered by community pharmacists the most popular responses were blood pressure tests and cholesterol tests.
- Only 14% of respondents would seek help from their pharmacist on making lifestyle changes such as healthy eating or losing weight.

2.50. **Future Housing Plans:** The East Riding of Yorkshire Council is currently consulting on new housing developments from 2012 to 2026. The table below outlines where potential increases in housing are proposed.

Location	Number of Dwellings	
	Per Annum	Total
Beverley	143	2428
Bridlington	79	3035
Drifffield	107	1821
Goole	107	1821
Brough	24	405
Hedon	12	202
Hornsea	24	405
Howden	48	809
Market Weighton	48	809
Pocklington	71	1214
Withernsea	24	405
Rural Service Centres	130	2225
Supporting Villages	60	1012
Countryside and other rural settlements	36	607

In May 2009 Government approval was given to a new £120m development of the Flemingate area of Beverley (Minster and Woodmansey ward). This is to include offices, shops, hotels and leisure facilities as well as a 130 house development scheme, to commence by December 2010.

## **Partnership Involvement and Engagement**

2.51. The Pharmaceutical Needs Assessment Group was established in October 2009. A copy of the Terms of Reference and Membership List of the Group are included in Appendix One. The Local Involvement Networks (LINK) and Local Representative Committees (Local Medical Committee (LMC) and Local Pharmaceutical Committee (LPC)) were included in this PNA development from an early stage. The PCT would like to express its gratitude to these organisations for their support in this PNA development.

2.52. In accordance with Part 1A (Regulation 3F) a draft version of the PNA is shared for comment with a number of local committees, contractors and organisations for a 60-day period in August and September 2009. A full list of all those consulted can be found in Appendix Eleven.

### 3 ANALYSIS OF PHARMACEUTICAL SERVICES PROVISION BY WARD

#### Outline of Analysis by Ward

- 3.1. In accordance with Part 1A (Regulation 3B[1]), the information set out in the following section is a summary only of the relevant findings of the PCT having conducted its Pharmaceutical Needs Assessment. More detailed information is included in the appendices as indicated where appropriate.
- 3.2. For each Ward this is summarised into seven sections:
- Ward Profile
  - Access to healthcare
  - Necessary Services: current provision
  - Necessary Services; gaps in provision
  - Other Relevant Services: current provision
  - Improvements and Better Access: gaps in provision
  - Potential New Services

#### Section Definitions

- 3.3. **NECESSARY SERVICES: CURRENT PROVISION:** This section details by electoral ward the pharmaceutical services that the PCT has identified which are:
- a. Provided in the PCT area and which are **necessary** to meet the need for pharmaceutical services;
  - b. Provided outside the PCT area but nevertheless **contribute towards meeting the need** for pharmaceutical services. As stated earlier these would include pharmaceutical services provided by:
    - Pharmacies on neighbouring PCTs' Pharmaceutical Lists
    - Mail order/wholly internet pharmacies
    - Dispensing appliance contractors
    - Dispensing doctors in neighbouring PCTs
- 3.4. **NECESSARY SERVICES: GAPS IN PROVISION:** This section details by electoral ward the pharmaceutical services that the PCT has identified (if any) which are **not provided** and:
- a. **Need** to be provided (whether or not they are located in the PCT area) in order to meet a current need for pharmaceutical services, or pharmaceutical services of a specified type;
  - b. Will in specified future circumstances **need** to be provided (whether or not they are located in the PCT area) in order to meet a future need for pharmaceutical services, or pharmaceutical services of a specified type.
- 3.5. **OTHER RELEVANT SERVICES: CURRENT PROVISION:** This section details by electoral ward the pharmaceutical services that the PCT has identified which are: -
- a. Provided in the PCT area and which, **although they are not necessary** to meet the need for pharmaceutical services in the ward, nevertheless

- have secured improvements to, or better access to pharmaceutical services.
- b. Provided outside the PCT area and which, **although they don't contribute towards meeting the need** for pharmaceutical services in the ward, nevertheless have secured improvements to, or better access to pharmaceutical services.
  - c. Provided in or outside the PCT area and, whilst not being services of the types described as necessary services or in (a) and (b) above, they nevertheless affect the assessment by the PCT of the need for pharmaceutical services. As stated earlier these would include pharmaceutical services provided by:
    - NHS hospital trusts
    - Foundation trusts
    - Community Services providers
    - NHS ERY medicines management team; and
    - Private providers including Any Willing Provider.

N.B. Appendix Three is a summary of these identified providers' services.

3.6. **IMPROVEMENTS AND BETTER ACCESS: GAPS IN PROVISION:** This section details the pharmaceutical services that the PCT has identified which are not provided in each electoral ward and: -

- a. **would, if they were provided** (whether or not they are located in the PCT area) secure improvements to, or better access to pharmaceutical services, or pharmaceutical services of a specified type.
- b. **would, if in specified future circumstances they were provided** (whether or not they are located in the PCT area) secure improvements to, or better access to pharmaceutical services, or pharmaceutical services of a specified type.

3.7. **POTENTIAL NEW SERVICES:** This section details pharmaceutical services the PCT may consider commissioning, subject to prioritisation in the annual commissioning plans.

## Bridlington North (Map 14)

<b>3.8. Ward Profile</b>  Population	<p>The population of this ward is approximately 13,800 (ONS mid-year estimates 2008) with a population density of 6.3 people per hectare (ERY average 1.4 people per hectare). This indicates the more urban nature of the ward which covers a large part of Bridlington and the village of Flamborough.</p> <p><b>This ward has the highest proportion of over 60s in the East Riding (44.0% of the ward population).</b></p> <p><b>Seasonal variation in the ward population is an important consideration as there are a high number of hotels/guest houses/caravan parks within the ward. A number of sites offer long term accommodation/access and the health needs of this long term, often elderly population is significant.</b></p>		
Income	<p><b>The average household income for 2009 is low at £24,600, (ERY average £32,700 (Acxiom)).</b></p> <p>The proportion of people claiming benefits is higher than the East Riding average. Those people of a pensionable age claiming Pension Credit is 28% (ERY average 21%) and those claiming Incapacity Benefit is 7% (ERY average 5% (DWP, 2009)).</p> <p>Employment in the ward is very similar to the East Riding average with the amount of people claiming Job Seekers Allowance at 3.3%, (ERY average 3.5%) (DWP, 2009)).</p>		
Health Priorities	<p><b>Standardised Admissions Ratios (SAR) data would indicate that tackling coronary heart disease (CHD) and lung cancer admissions are priorities for this ward</b> (Appendix Twelve) although the Standardised Mortality Ratios (SMR) are not significantly different from National average (Appendix Thirteen)</p>		
Deprivation	<p>The level of deprivation in this ward is fairly low, based on the 2007 Indices of Deprivation (CLG). Three out of eight Lower Super Output Areas (LSOAs) in the ward are ranked in the 30% least deprived for England.</p>		
<b>3.9. Access to Healthcare:</b>	<p>90.0% of people in the ward travel 3 miles or less to their GP surgery. (ERY average 84.3%). In terms of travel time however it is surprising that only 65.6% travel 15 minutes or less (ERY average 79.2%) (2009 PCT Lifestyle Survey).</p> <p>Residents of this ward were amongst those most likely to travel by bus to the surgery (7.8% of patients - ERY average 2.3%). but are amongst those least likely to walk to the surgery with only 16% stating that they usually did so (ERY average 34.3%). The majority (64.9%) stated that they usually travel in their own car.</p>		
<b>3.10. Necessary Services: current provision</b>	Pharmacies	3 One operates as a 100 hour pharmacy giving essential extended hours access to pharmaceutical services early in the mornings in the evenings and at weekends. They are open from 8am to 11pm on Monday to Saturday and 9am to 7pm on Sunday	
	GP Surgeries	2 Branch (Flamborough)	Dispensing 1
	GP Extended Hrs	None	
	Out of Hours	Wolds View Surgery (the GP Access Centre) (see Bridlington South Ward) Out of hours provision of medical services (see Bridlington South Ward)	
	Minor Injuries	A Minor Injuries Unit is located at Bridlington Hospital	

	Unit	(see Bridlington South Ward)		
	Patients residing in the western part of the ward tend to access medical services at one of the 5 GP surgeries located in Bridlington South ward and some access pharmaceutical services at the 8 pharmacies located there and in Bridlington Central and Old Town ward. No pharmaceutical services are provided by the GP branch surgery in Flamborough other than the issuing of prescriptions which have been dispensed at the main surgery.			
<b>3.11. Necessary Services; gaps in provision</b>	The PCT does not consider that there are any gaps in the provision of pharmaceutical services in the ward that either need to be filled to meet an immediate gap or need to be commissioned in specified future circumstances.			
<b>3.12. Other Relevant Services: current provision</b>		<b>Currently provide</b>	<b>Intending to provide in next 12 months</b>	<b>Not intending to provide</b>
	Medicines Use Reviews	2 pharmacies	1 pharmacy	0 pharmacies
	Appliance Use Review	0 pharmacies	3 pharmacies	0 pharmacies
	Stoma Customisation	0 pharmacies	3 pharmacies	0 pharmacies
	Enhanced Services	A list of enhanced services commissioned by the PCT and provided by the pharmacies can be found in Appendix Fourteen		
	Other	The PCT commissions smoking cessation clinics in Bridlington (see Bridlington South ward)		
<b>3.13. Improvements and Better Access: gaps in provision</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Supervised buprenorphine consumption service.</li> </ul> No pharmacy is currently providing in this ward but adequate provision is available in neighbouring wards			
<b>3.14. Potential new services</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Emergency supply of medicines service</li> <li>NHS Health Checks</li> <li>Weight management services</li> <li>Medicines management services for specific long term conditions (e.g. CHD and diabetes)</li> <li>Domiciliary medication support service</li> </ul>			

### Issues for consideration

Having considered the information provided about pharmaceutical provision in this ward, please consider the questions below and fill in the accompanying questionnaire which is available from our website at [www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna](http://www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna).

- Do you agree with the gap described in necessary pharmaceutical services?
- Do you agree with the gap described for improvements and better access?
- Are there other gaps for improvements and better access that you would like to suggest for this ward?
- Do you agree with the suggestions for potential new services?
- Are there other suggestions for potential new services that you would like to make?
- Would you like to make any other comments about this ward?

## Bridlington Central and Old Town (Map 15)

<p><b>3.15. Ward Profile</b></p> <p>Population</p>	<p>The population of this ward is approximately 10,800 (ONS mid-year estimates 2008) with a population density of 2.2 people per hectare (ERY average 1.4 people per hectare). This ward covers some of the Bridlington urban area, but also covers the more rural surroundings including the villages of Bempton and Grindale.</p> <p><b>22.3% of the ward population are aged 65 or more.</b></p> <p><b>Seasonal variation in the ward population is an important consideration as there are a high number of hotels/guest houses/caravan parks within the ward. A number of sites offer long term accommodation/access and the health needs of this long term, often elderly population is significant</b></p>		
<p>Income</p>	<p>The average household income for 2009 is low at £22,200 (ERY average £32,700 (Acxiom)).</p> <p><b>The proportion of people claiming benefits is much higher than the East Riding average.</b> Those people of a pensionable age claiming Pension Credit is 35% (ERY average 21%) and those claiming Incapacity Benefit is 9% (ERY average 5% (DWP, 2009)).</p> <p><b>Employment in the ward is lower than in the East Riding as a whole</b> with the amount of people claiming Job Seekers Allowance at 6% (ERY average 3.5% (DWP, 2009)).</p>		
<p>Health Priorities</p>	<p><b>SAR data would indicate that tackling CHD and Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) admissions and reducing emergency and lung cancer admissions are priorities for this ward.</b> (Appendix Twelve). SMR data indicates high levels of premature deaths (i.e. deaths at age &lt; 75) (Appendix Thirteen)</p>		
<p>Deprivation</p>	<p><b>The level of deprivation in this ward is fairly high</b>, based on the 2007 Indices of Deprivation (CLG). Three out of seven LSOAs in the ward are ranked in the 10%-20% most deprived for England. When looking at the Income and Employment domains, two of the LSOAs are ranked in the lowest 10% most deprived.</p>		
<p><b>3.16. Access to Healthcare:</b></p>	<p>88.3% of people in the ward travelled 3 miles or less to their GP surgery (ERY average 84.3%). In terms of travel time, however it is surprising that only 56.5% travelled 15 minutes or less (East Riding average 79.2%) (PCT 2009 lifestyle survey).</p> <p>Residents of this Ward were amongst the most likely to travel by bus to the surgery (7.4% of patients - ERY average 2.3%). A further 7.4% stated that they usually use a taxi (East Riding average 1.3%).</p>		
<p><b>3.17. Necessary Services: current provision</b></p>	<p>Pharmacies</p>	<p>1</p> <p>One pharmacy operates as a 100 hour pharmacy in Bridlington (opening hours see Bridlington North Ward)</p>	
	<p>GP Surgeries</p>	<p>0</p>	<p>Dispensing</p> <p>0</p>
	<p>GP Extended Hrs</p>	<p>N/A</p>	
	<p>Out of Hours</p>	<p>Wolds View Surgery (the GP Access Centre) (see Bridlington South Ward)</p> <p>Out of hours provision of medical services (see Bridlington South Ward)</p>	
	<p>Minor Injuries Unit</p>	<p>A Minor Injuries Unit is located at Bridlington Hospital (see Bridlington South ward)</p>	
<p><b>3.18. Necessary</b></p>	<p>The PCT does not consider that there are any gaps in the provision of</p>		

<b>Services; gaps in provision</b>	pharmaceutical services in the ward that either need to be filled to meet an immediate need or need to be commissioned in specified future circumstances.			
<b>3.19. Other Relevant Services: current provision</b>		<b>Currently provide</b>	<b>Intending to provide in next 12 months</b>	<b>Not intending to provide</b>
	Medicines Use Reviews	1 pharmacy	0 pharmacies	0 pharmacies
	Appliance Use Review	0 pharmacies	1 pharmacy	0 pharmacies
	Stoma Customisation	0 pharmacies	1 pharmacy	0 pharmacies
	Enhanced Services	A list of enhanced services provided by the pharmacy can be found in Appendix Fourteen		
	Other	The PCT commissions smoking cessation clinics in Bridlington (see Bridlington South ward)		
<b>3.20. Improvements and Better Access: gaps in provision</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Supervised buprenorphine consumption service</li> <li>• Needle exchange service</li> <li>• Palliative care drugs service.</li> </ul> <p>These services are not provided in this ward but adequate provision is available in neighbouring wards Although there is no choice of provider within the ward the PCT considers there is adequate choice of provider in neighbouring wards.</p>			
<b>3.21. Potential new services</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Emergency supply of medicines service</li> <li>• NHS Health Checks</li> <li>• Weight management services</li> <li>• Medicines management services for specific long term conditions (e.g. CHD and COPD)</li> <li>• Domiciliary medication support service</li> </ul>			

### Issues for consideration

Having considered the information provided about pharmaceutical provision in this Ward, please consider the questions below and fill in the accompanying questionnaire which is available from our website at [www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna](http://www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna).

- Do you agree with the gaps described in necessary pharmaceutical services?
- Do you agree with the gaps described for improvements and better access?
- Are there other gaps for improvements and better access that you would like to suggest for this Ward?
- Do you agree with the suggestions for potential new services?
- Are there other suggestions for potential new services that you would like to make?
- Would you like to make any other comments about this Ward?

## Bridlington South (Map 16)

<p><b>3.22. Ward Profile</b></p> <p><b>Population</b></p>	<p>The population of this ward is approximately 15,000 (ONS mid-year estimates 2008) a population density of 18.1 people per hectare (ERY average 1.4 people per hectare). This indicates the urban nature of the ward which covers the Harbour/ Promenade, Hilderthorpe and West Hill areas of Bridlington.</p> <p><b>20.8% of the ward population are aged 65 or more.</b></p> <p><b>Seasonal variation in the ward population is an important consideration as there are a high number of hotels/guest houses/caravan parks within the ward. A number of sites offer long term accommodation/access and the health needs of this long term, often elderly population is significant.</b></p>		
<p><b>Income</b></p>	<p><b>The average household income for 2009 is only £20,000.</b> (ERY average of £32,700) (Acxiom).</p> <p><b>The proportion of people claiming benefits is much higher than the East Riding average.</b> Those people of a pensionable age claiming Pension Credit is 37% (ERY average 21%) and those claiming Incapacity Benefit is 13% (ERY average 5% (DWP, 2009)).</p> <p><b>Employment in the ward is amongst the lowest in the East Riding</b> with the amount of people claiming Job Seekers Allowance 9% compared to the East Riding percentage of 3.5 (DWP, 2009).</p>		
<p><b>Health Priorities</b></p>	<p><b>Life expectancy at birth in the ward is 75.5 years – the lowest in the East Riding</b></p> <p><b>Smoking prevalence in the ward is 23.0% - the highest in the East Riding. SAR data indicates that tackling a full range of long term conditions including CHD, COPD and stroke and reducing emergency admissions, alcohol related emergency and lung cancer admissions are important issues for the ward population (see Appendix Twelve).</b></p> <p><b>The SMR data indicates high rates of premature deaths (i.e. death at age &lt; 75) and high death rates from CHD and stroke (see Appendix Thirteen)</b></p>		
<p><b>Deprivation</b></p>	<p><b>This ward has the highest level of deprivation in the East Riding.</b> Based on the 2007 Indices of Deprivation (CLG) four out of ten LSOAs in the ward are ranked in the 10% most deprived for England with one ranked in the 3% most deprived.</p>		
<p><b>3.23. Access to Healthcare:</b></p>	<p>97.3% of people travelled 3 miles or less to their GP surgery (PCT 2009 lifestyle survey) (ERY average 84.3%). In terms of travel time 75.7% travelled 15 minutes or less (East Riding average 79.2%). Residents of this Ward were the most likely to walk to the surgery with 53.7% of patients doing so (East Riding average 34.3%).</p>		
<p><b>3.24. Necessary Services: current provision</b></p>	<p>Pharmacies</p>	<p>7</p> <p>One pharmacy operates as a 100 hour pharmacy in Bridlington (opening hours see Bridlington North Ward)</p>	
	<p>GP Surgeries</p>	<p>5</p>	<p>Dispensing</p> <p>1</p>
	<p>GP Extended Hrs</p>	<p><b>Wolds View Surgery</b> (the GP Access Centre) located in Bridlington South Ward offers an 8am to 8pm service 7 days a week to all patients regardless of who they are registered with. No other GP surgery offers extended hours before 8am and after 6.30pm.</p>	
	<p>Out of Hours</p>	<p>Out of hours provision of medical services between 6.30pm and 8am and at weekends is provided by East Riding of</p>	

		Yorkshire Community Services at <b>Bridlington Hospital</b> . Access to a limited list of core drugs is available from the out of hours service outside of the pharmacy hours stated.		
	Minor Injuries Unit	A Minor Injuries Unit is also located at <b>Bridlington Hospital</b> and services are provided by Scarborough and North East Yorkshire Hospitals Trust		
<b>3.25. Necessary Services; gaps in provision</b>	The PCT does not consider that there are any gaps in the provision of necessary pharmaceutical services in the ward that either need to be filled to meet an immediate gap, or need to be commissioned in specified future circumstances.			
<b>3.26. Other Relevant Services: current provision</b>		<b>Currently provide</b>	<b>Intending to provide in next 12 months</b>	<b>Not intending to provide</b>
	Medicines Use Reviews	6 pharmacies	1 pharmacy	0 pharmacies
	Appliance Use Review	0 pharmacies	5 pharmacies	1 pharmacy
	Stoma Customisation	0 pharmacies	1 pharmacy	2 pharmacies
	Enhanced Services	A list of enhanced services provided by the pharmacies can be found in Appendix Fourteen		
	Other	The PCT commissions Smoking cessation clinics at 3 locations in the ward on Tuesdays (6.30pm to 8pm), Wednesdays (10am to 1pm) and Saturdays (10am to 1pm)		
<b>3.27. Improvements and Better Access: gaps in provision</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Palliative care drugs service Adequate provision of this service is available in neighbouring wards or other providers in Bridlington</li> <li>Smoking cessation counselling service The PCT considers this to be a gap in service provision</li> </ul>			
<b>3.28. Potential new services</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Emergency supply of medicines service</li> <li>NHS Health Checks</li> <li>Weight management services</li> <li>Screening and brief intervention service for alcohol consumption</li> <li>Medicines management services for specific long term conditions (e.g. CHD, diabetes and COPD)</li> <li>Domiciliary medication support service</li> </ul>			

### Issues for consideration

Having considered the information provided about pharmaceutical provision in this Ward, please consider the questions below and fill in the accompanying questionnaire which is available from our website at [www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna](http://www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna).

- Do you agree that there are no gaps in necessary pharmaceutical services?
- Do you agree with the gaps described for improvements and better access?
- Are there other gaps for improvements and better access that you would like to suggest for this Ward?
- Do you agree with the suggestions for potential new services?
- Are there other suggestions for potential new services that you would like to make?
- Would you like to make any other comments about this Ward?

## East Wolds and Coastal (Map 17)

<p><b>3.29. Ward Profile</b></p> <p>Population</p>	<p>The population of this ward is 14,700 (ONS mid-year estimates 2008) with a population density of 0.4 people per hectare (ERY average 1.4 people per hectare). This indicates the rural nature of the ward, with the largest villages being Nafferton, Hutton Cranswick and Brandesburton.</p> <p><b>20.8% of the ward population are aged 65 or more.</b></p> <p><b>Seasonal variation in the ward population is an important consideration as there are a high number of hotels/guest houses/caravan parks within the ward. A number of sites offer long term accommodation/access and the health needs of this long term, often elderly population is significant.</b></p>										
<p>Income</p>	<p>The average household income for 2009 is £31,200 (ERY average £32,700 (Acxiom)).</p> <p>The proportion of people claiming benefits in the ward is very close to the East Riding average. People on Incapacity Benefit is 5.0% (ERY average 5%), and those of a pensionable age claiming Pension Credit is 18% (ERY average 21% (DWP, 2009)).</p> <p>Employment in the ward is high with the amount of people claiming Job Seekers Allowance 3.2% (ERY average 3.5% (DWP, 2009)).</p>										
<p>Deprivation</p>	<p>The level of deprivation in this ward is low, based on the 2007 Indices of Deprivation (CLG) one out of nine LSOAs in the ward are ranked in the 20% least deprived for England and a further four are ranked 50% least deprived.</p>										
<p>Health Priorities</p>	<p><b>SAR data would indicate reducing lung cancer admissions is a priority for the ward</b> (see Appendix Twelve)</p>										
<p><b>3.30. Access to Healthcare:</b></p>	<p><b>57.3% of people travelled 3 miles or less to their GP surgery (ERY average of 84.3%). This is the second lowest level in the PCT area.</b> However, in terms of travel time 72.3% travelled 15 minutes or less (ERY average 79.2%).</p> <p>The majority of journeys (74.8%) were made using the patient's own car.</p>										
<p><b>3.31. Necessary Services: current provision</b></p>	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Pharmacies</td> <td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>GP Surgeries</td> <td>2 (Branch) (Beeford and Nafferton)      Dispensing      2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>GP Extended Hrs</td> <td>None</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Out of Hours</td> <td>Beverley and Bridlington</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Minor Injuries Unit</td> <td>Bridlington and Driffield</td> </tr> </table>	Pharmacies	0	GP Surgeries	2 (Branch) (Beeford and Nafferton)      Dispensing      2	GP Extended Hrs	None	Out of Hours	Beverley and Bridlington	Minor Injuries Unit	Bridlington and Driffield
Pharmacies	0										
GP Surgeries	2 (Branch) (Beeford and Nafferton)      Dispensing      2										
GP Extended Hrs	None										
Out of Hours	Beverley and Bridlington										
Minor Injuries Unit	Bridlington and Driffield										
<p><b>3.32. Necessary Services; gaps in provision</b></p>	<p>All patients living in the ward either have their prescriptions dispensed by one of the GP branch surgeries or at pharmacies in neighbouring wards (Bridlington, Hornsea or Driffield). The PCT considers that their dispensing needs are adequately met. The PCT therefore considers this adequate service provision.</p>										
<p><b>3.33. Other Relevant Services: current provision</b></p>	<p>None identified</p>										
<p><b>3.34. Improvements and Better Access: gaps in provision</b></p>	<p>Patients are not able to access a wider range of pharmaceutical services in the ward. However, these services are available from pharmacies and other providers on the ward boundaries in Bridlington, Driffield and Hornsea. The PCT therefore considers this adequate service provision</p>										
<p><b>3.35. Potential new services</b></p>	<p>None identified</p>										

### **Issues for consideration**

Having considered the information provided about pharmaceutical provision in this Ward, please consider the questions below and fill in the accompanying questionnaire which is available from our website at [www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna](http://www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna).

- Do you agree with the gap described in necessary pharmaceutical services?
- Do you agree with the gaps described for improvements and better access?
- Are there other gaps for improvements and better access that you would like to suggest for this Ward?
- Do you agree with the suggestions for potential new services?
- Are there other suggestions for potential new services that you would like to make?
- Would you like to make any other comments about this Ward?

## Driffield and Rural (Map 18)

<b>3.36. Ward Profile</b>  Population	The population of this ward is approximately 15,000 (ONS mid-year estimates 2008) with a population density of 1.1 people per hectare (ERY average 1.4 people per hectare). Apart from the market town of Driffield the rest of the ward is sparsely populated. The Sledmere estate covers a large area to the north of the ward. <b>20.8% of the ward population are aged 65 or more.</b>		
Income	The average household income for 2009 is £29,100 (ERY average £32,700 (Acxiom)). The proportion of people claiming benefits in the ward is very close to the East Riding average. People on Incapacity Benefit is 4.4% (ERY average 5%) and those claiming Disability Living Allowance is 1.2% (ERY average 1%) (DWP, 2009). Employment in the ward is high with the amount of people claiming Job Seekers Allowance 3.1% (ERY average 3.5%) (DWP, 2009).		
Deprivation	The level of deprivation in this ward is low, based on the 2007 Indices of Deprivation (CLG) one out of nine LSOAs in the ward are ranked in the 10% least deprived for England and a further two are ranked 20% least deprived.		
Health Priorities	<b>SAR data would indicate that tackling a range of long term conditions including stroke and reducing lung cancer admissions are the priority for this ward</b> (Appendix Twelve) SMR data indicates that stroke and lung cancer death rates are high, though not significantly above the national average (Appendix Thirteen).		
<b>3.37. Access to Healthcare:</b>	91.6% of people travelled 3 miles or less to their GP surgery (ERY average 84.3%) (PCT 2009 Lifestyle Survey). In terms of travel time 84.5% travelled 15 minutes or less (ERY average 79.2%). Patients were quite likely to walk to the surgery with 45.0% stating that they usually did so, whilst 45.7% stated that they usually used their own car.		
<b>3.38. Necessary Services: current provision</b>	Pharmacies	3 One pharmacy in Driffield opens from 8am to 7pm Monday to Saturday.	
	GP Surgeries	2	Dispensing   2
	GP Extended Hrs	None	
	Out of Hours	Beverley and Bridlington	
	Minor Injuries Unit	A Minor Injuries Unit provided by East Riding of Yorkshire Community Services is located at Driffield (9am to 6pm Mon- Sun).	
<b>3.39. Necessary Services; gaps in provision</b>	There is currently no provision of pharmaceutical services in the ward on Sundays. However, in view of the fact that out of hours provision is currently provided outside the ward at Beverley and Bridlington the PCT considers there is no gap in necessary service provision.		

<b>3.40. Other Relevant Services: current provision</b>		<b>Currently provide</b>	<b>Intending to provide in next 12 months</b>	<b>Not intending to provide</b>
	Medicines Use Reviews	3 pharmacies	0 pharmacies	0 pharmacies
	Appliance Use Review	0 pharmacies	3 pharmacies	0 pharmacies
	Stoma Customisation	0 pharmacies	2 pharmacies	1 pharmacy
	Enhanced Services	A list of enhanced services provided by the pharmacies can be found in Appendix Fourteen		
	Other	The PCT commissions Smoking cessation clinics at one location within the ward on Thursdays from 5.30pm to 6.30pm.		
<b>3.41. Improvements and Better Access: gaps in provision</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Supervised buprenorphine service</li> </ul> <p>Adequate provision is available in neighbouring wards for this low demand service.</p>			
<b>3.42. Potential new services</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>NHS Health Checks</li> <li>Medicines management services for specific long term conditions (e.g. stroke)</li> <li>Domiciliary medication support service</li> </ul>			

### Issues for consideration

Having considered the information provided about pharmaceutical provision in this Ward, please consider the questions below and fill in the accompanying questionnaire which is available from our website at [www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna](http://www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna).

- Do you agree that there are no gaps in necessary pharmaceutical services?
- Do you agree with the gap described for improvements and better access?
- Are there other gaps for improvements and better access that you would like to suggest for this Ward?
- Do you agree with the suggestions for potential new services?
- Are there other suggestions for potential new services that you would like to make?
- Would you like to make any other comments about this Ward?

## Wolds Weighton (Map 19)

<b>3.43. Ward Profile</b>  Population	The population of this ward is 15,900 (ONS mid-year estimates 2008) with a population density of 0.4 people per hectare (ERY average 1.4 people per hectare). This ward is rural in nature - the largest population is found in the town of Market Weighton. Much of the surrounding Wolds are sparsely populated.			
Income	The average household income for 2009 is £38,300, higher than the East Riding average of £32,700 (Acxiom). The percentage of people claiming benefits in the ward is lower than the East Riding average. Those people of a pensionable age claiming Pension Credit is 18% (ERY average 21%) and those claiming Incapacity Benefit is 2% compared to 5% in the East Riding (DWP, 2009). Employment in the ward is higher than in the East Riding as a whole with the amount of people claiming Job Seekers Allowance 1.8% (ERY average 3.5%) (DWP, 2009).			
Deprivation	The level of deprivation in this ward is low, based on the 2007 Indices of Deprivation (CLG) one out of nine LSOAs in the ward are ranked in the 10% least deprived for England and a further two are ranked 20% least deprived.			
Health Priorities	<b>SAR data would indicate that tackling CHD admissions is a priority for this ward</b> (Appendix Twelve). However SMR data indicate that although mortality rates seem high they are not significantly different from the national average (Appendix Thirteen).			
<b>3.44. Access to Healthcare:</b>	65.6% of people travelled 3 miles or less to their GP surgery (ERY average 84.3%). However, in terms of travel time 82.5% travelled 15 minutes or less (East Riding average 79.2%) (PCT 2009 Lifestyle Survey) The majority of journeys (63.9%) were made using the patient's own car			
<b>3.45. Necessary Services: current provision</b>	Pharmacies	1		
	GP Surgeries	1 Main and 1 Branch (Wetwang)	Dispensing	2
	GP Extended Hrs	None		
	Out of Hours	Beverley		
	Minor Injuries Unit	Beverley		
	Analysis of data on dispensing locations for prescriptions issued at the Market Weighton surgery demonstrates that patients rarely take prescriptions outside the ward.			
<b>3.46. Necessary Services; gaps in provision</b>	There is currently no provision of pharmaceutical services in the ward on Sundays. However in view of the fact that out of hours provision is currently provided outside the Ward (at Beverley) the PCT considers there is not a gap in necessary service provision on Sundays.			

<b>3.47. Other Relevant Services: current provision</b>		<b>Currently provide</b>	<b>Intending to provide in next 12 months</b>	<b>Not intending to provide</b>
	Medicines Use Reviews	1 pharmacy	0 pharmacies	0 pharmacies
	Appliance Use Review	0 pharmacies	1 pharmacy	0 pharmacies
	Stoma Customisation	0 pharmacies	1 pharmacy	0 pharmacies
	Enhanced Services	A list of enhanced services provided by the pharmacies can be found in Appendix Fourteen		
	Other	The PCT commissions a smoking cessation clinic at 1 location in the Ward on Fridays from 10am to 12pm.		
<b>3.48. Improvements and Better Access: gaps in provision</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Needle exchange service in Market Weighton.</li> <li>• Smoking cessation service in Market Weighton.</li> </ul> <p>The PCT considers there to be gaps in service provision and will consider the need to commission these services in this ward. Although there is no choice of provider within the ward the PCT considers there is adequate choice of provider in neighbouring wards.</p>			
<b>3.49. Potential new services</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• NHS Health Checks</li> <li>• Weight management services</li> <li>• Medicines management services for specific long term conditions (e.g. CHD)</li> </ul>			

### Issues for consideration

Having considered the information provided about pharmaceutical provision in this Ward, please consider the questions below and fill in the accompanying questionnaire which is available from our website at [www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna](http://www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna).

- Do you agree that there are no gaps in necessary pharmaceutical services?
- Do you agree with the gaps described for improvements and better access?
- Are there other gaps for improvements and better access that you would like to suggest for this Ward?
- Do you agree with the suggestions for potential new services?
- Are there other suggestions for potential new services that you would like to make?
- Would you like to make any other comments about this Ward?

## Pocklington Provincial (Map 20)

<b>3.50. Ward Profile</b>	The population of this ward is 16,100 (ONS mid-year estimates 2008) with a population density of 2.5 people per hectare (ERY average 1.4 people per hectare). This ward covers the town of Pocklington as well as the villages of Stamford Bridge and Wilberfoss.			
Population				
Income	The average household income for 2009 is £35,700 (ERY average £32,700) (Acxiom). This affluence is reflected in the low proportion of people claiming benefits in the ward. People on Incapacity Benefit is 2.9% (ERY average 5%), and those claiming Disability Living Allowance is 0.7% (ERY average 1%) (DWP, 2009). Employment in the ward is high with the amount of people claiming Job Seekers Allowance only 1.9% (ERY average 3.5%) (DWP, 2009).			
Deprivation	The level of deprivation in this ward is low, based on the 2007 Indices of Deprivation (CLG) six out of ten LSOAs in the ward are ranked in the 10% least deprived for England			
Health Priorities	SARs and SMR data would indicate that the health of the ward population is above average across all conditions considered (Appendices Twelve and Thirteen)			
<b>3.51. Access to Healthcare:</b>	81.7% of people travelled 3 miles or less to their GP surgery (ERY average 84.3%). In terms of travel time 86.9% travelled 15 minutes or less (East Riding average 79.2%) (PCT 2009 lifestyle survey). Residents of this ward were amongst the most likely to walk to the GP surgery with 44.3% stating that they usually did so, whilst 47.3% responded that they usually use their own car.			
<b>3.52. Necessary Services: current provision</b>	Pharmacies	3		
	GP Surgeries	1 Main and 1 Branch (Stamford Bridge – main surgery in adjacent PCT)	Dispensing	2
	GP Extended Hrs	Pocklington Surgery – Saturday: 8.00am to 12.00pm		
	Out of Hours	Beverley and York		
	Minor Injuries Unit	Beverley and York		
<b>3.53. Necessary Services; gaps in provision</b>	There is currently no provision of pharmaceutical services in the ward on Sundays. However in view of the fact that out of hours provision is currently provided outside the Ward the PCT considers there is no gap in necessary service provision.			
<b>3.54. Other Relevant Services: current provision</b>		<b>Currently provide</b>	<b>Intending to provide in next 12 months</b>	<b>Not intending to provide</b>
	Medicines Use Reviews	3 pharmacies	0 pharmacies	0 pharmacies
	Appliance Use Review	0 pharmacies	2 pharmacies	1 pharmacy
	Stoma Customisation	0 pharmacies	2 pharmacies	1 pharmacy
	Enhanced Services	A list of enhanced services provided by the pharmacies can be found in Appendix Fourteen		
	Other	The PCT Commissioned a smoking cessation clinic on Thursdays in Pocklington from 9.45am to 11am. A tier 2 needle exchange service is also commissioned in Pocklington Health Centre every Tuesday.		

<b>3.55. Improvements and Better Access: gaps in provision</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Supervised buprenorphine consumption service</li> </ul> <p>The PCT considers there to be a gap in service provision and commission this low demand service on an individual patient basis</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Needle exchange service</li> <li>• Smoking cessation counselling service</li> </ul> <p>The PCT considers there to be gaps in service provision and will consider the need to commission these services in this ward.</p>
<b>3.56. Potential new services</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• NHS Health Checks</li> </ul>

### Issues for consideration

Having considered the information provided about pharmaceutical provision in this Ward, please consider the questions below and fill in the accompanying questionnaire which is available from our website at [www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna](http://www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna).

- Do you agree that there are no gaps in necessary pharmaceutical services?
- Do you agree with the gap described for improvements and better access?
- Are there other gaps for improvements and better access that you would like to suggest for this Ward?
- Do you agree with the suggestions for potential new services?
- Are there other suggestions for potential new services that you would like to make?
- Would you like to make any other comments about this Ward?

## North Holderness (Map 21)

<p><b>3.57. Ward Profile</b></p> <p>Population</p>	<p>The population of this ward is 10,400 (ONS mid-year estimates 2008) with a population density of 1.6 people per hectare (ERY average 1.4 people per hectare). This indicates the rural nature of the ward covering the town of Hornsea and some sparsely populated villages.  <b>33% of the ward population are aged 60 or more.</b>  <b>Seasonal variation in the ward population is an important consideration as there are a high number of hotels/guest houses/caravan parks within the ward. A number of sites offer long term accommodation/access and the health needs of this long term, often elderly population is significant</b></p>			
<p>Income</p>	<p>The average household income for 2009 is £32,200 (ERY average £32,700) (Acxiom).  The proportion of people claiming benefits is generally higher than the East Riding average. For example those people of a pensionable age claiming Pension Credit is 23% (ERY average 21%) and those claiming Incapacity Benefit is 7% (ERY average 5%)(DWP, 2009).  Employment in the ward is similar to the East Riding with the amount of people claiming Job Seekers Allowance 4.0%, (ERY average 3.5%) (DWP, 2009).</p>			
<p>Deprivation</p>	<p>The level of deprivation in this ward is around average, based on the 2007 Indices of Deprivation (CLG) two out of seven LSOAs in the ward are ranked in the 50% least deprived for England.</p>			
<p>Health Priorities</p>	<p><b>SAR data would indicate that reducing lung cancer admissions is a priority for the ward</b> (see Appendix Twelve).</p>			
<p><b>3.58. Access to Healthcare:</b></p>	<p>93.9% of people travel 3 miles or less to their GP surgery (ERY average 84.3%). In terms of travel time 83.9% travel 15 minutes or less (East Riding average 79.2%) (PCT 2009 lifestyle survey).  The majority of journeys (52.9%) are made using the patient's own car, though a relatively high proportion (39.4%) stated that they usually go to their GP surgery on foot.</p>			
<p><b>3.59. Necessary Services: current provision</b></p>	<p>Pharmacies</p>	<p>3</p>		
	<p>GP Surgeries</p>	<p>1</p>	<p>Dispensing</p>	<p>1</p>
	<p>GP Extended Hrs</p>	<p>None</p>		
	<p>Out of Hours</p>	<p>Beverley or Bridlington</p>		
	<p>Minor Injuries Unit</p>	<p>A Minor Injuries Unit is located in Hornsea and is open from 9am to 5pm Monday to Sunday.</p>		
<p><b>3.60. Necessary Services; gaps in provision</b></p>	<p>There is currently no provision of pharmaceutical services in the ward on Sundays. However, in view of the fact that out of hours provision is currently provided outside the Ward the PCT considers there is no gap in necessary service provision.</p>			

<b>3.61. Other Relevant Services: current provision</b>		<b>Currently provide</b>	<b>Intending to provide in next 12 months</b>	<b>Not intending to provide</b>
	Medicines Use Reviews	3 pharmacies	0 pharmacies	0 pharmacies
	Appliance Use Review	0 pharmacies	1 pharmacy	2 pharmacies
	Stoma Customisation	0 pharmacies	1 pharmacy	2 pharmacies
	Enhanced Services	A list of enhanced services provided by the pharmacies can be found in Appendix Fourteen		
	Other	The PCT commissions a smoking cessation clinic at 3 locations in Hornsea on Wednesdays (2.30pm to 4pm and 6pm to 7.30pm) and Fridays (2pm to 3.30pm).		
<b>3.62. Improvements and Better Access: gaps in provision</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Supervised buprenorphine consumption service.</li> </ul> <p>The PCT considers there to be a gap in service provision and commission this low demand service on an individual patient basis</p>			
<b>3.63. Potential potential new services</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Emergency Supply of Medicines Service</li> <li>NHS Health Checks</li> <li>Medicines management services for specific long term conditions (e.g. COPD)</li> <li>Domiciliary medication support service</li> </ul>			

### Issues for consideration

Having considered the information provided about pharmaceutical provision in this Ward, please consider the questions below and fill in the accompanying questionnaire which is available from our website at [www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna](http://www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna).

- Do you agree with the gap described in necessary pharmaceutical services?
- Do you agree with the gap described for improvements and better access?
- Are there any gaps for improvements and better access that you would like to suggest for this Ward?
- Do you agree with the suggestions for potential new services?
- Are there other suggestions for potential new services that you would like to make?
- Would you like to make any other comments about this Ward?

## Mid Holderness (Map 22)

<b>3.64. Ward Profile</b>  Population	The population of this ward is 14,300 (ONS mid-year estimates 2008) with a population density of 0.7 people per hectare (ERY average 1.4 people per hectare). This indicates the rural nature of the ward, covering a large swathe of the lowland Holderness area but none of the larger villages or towns. The largest villages found in this ward are Burstwick, Skirlaugh and Sproatley. <b>26.2% of the ward population is aged 50-64.</b>			
Income	The average household income for 2009 is £31,800 (ERY average of £32,700 (Acxiom). The proportion of people claiming benefits is lower than the East Riding average. People on Incapacity Benefit is 4.2% (ERY average 5%), and those of a pensionable age claiming Pension Credit is 17% (ERY average 21%) (DWP, 2009). Employment in the ward is high with the amount of people claiming Job Seekers Allowance 2.9% (ERY average 3.5% (DWP, 2009).			
Deprivation	The level of deprivation in this ward is low, based on the 2007 Indices of Deprivation (CLG) one out of nine LSOAs in the ward are ranked in the 20% least deprived for England and a further five are ranked 40% least deprived.			
Health Priorities	<b>SAR data would indicate that reducing lung cancer admissions is a priority for the ward</b> (see Appendix Twelve). However both SAR and SMR data indicate that the health of people in this ward is generally good.			
<b>3.65. Access to Healthcare:</b>	<b>46.2% of people travelled 3 miles or less to their GP surgery (ERY average 84.3%). This is the lowest level in the PCT area.</b> However, in terms of travel time 70.3% travelled 15 minutes or less (East Riding average 79.2%) (PCT 2009 lifestyle survey) The majority of journeys (84.8%) were made using the patient's own car.			
<b>3.66. Necessary Services: current provision</b>	Pharmacies	0		
	GP Surgeries	1 Branch (Aldborough)	Dispensing	1
	GP Extended Hrs	None		
	Out of Hours	Beverley, Bridlington, Hedon, Hull		
	Minor Injuries Unit	Beverley, Bridlington, Hull, Withernsea		
<b>3.67. Necessary Services; gaps in provision</b>	All patients living in the ward either have their prescriptions dispensed by the GP branch surgery or at pharmacies or GP dispensing services in neighbouring wards or PCTs. The PCT considers that their dispensing needs are adequately met. The PCT therefore considers this adequate service provision.			
<b>3.68. Other Relevant Services: current provision</b>	The PCT commissions a smoking cessation clinic in Aldborough on Fridays (9.30am to 11am).			
<b>3.69. Improvements and Better Access: gaps in provision</b>	Patients are not able to access a wider range of pharmaceutical services in the ward. However, these services are available from pharmacies and other providers on the ward boundaries in Leven, Beverley, Hull, Hedon and Withernsea. The PCT considers this is adequate service provision			
<b>3.70. Potential new services</b>	None identified			

### **Issues for consideration**

Having considered the information provided about pharmaceutical provision in this Ward, please consider the questions below and fill in the accompanying questionnaire which is available from our website at [www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna](http://www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna).

- Do you agree with the gap described in necessary pharmaceutical services?
- Are there any gaps for improvements and better access that you would like to suggest for this Ward?
- Do you agree with the suggestions for potential new services?
- Are there other suggestions for potential new services that you would like to make?
- Would you like to make any other comments about this Ward?

## South West Holderness (Map 23)

<b>3.71. Ward Profile</b>  Population	The population of this ward is 14,600 (ONS mid-year estimates 2008) with a population density of 2.7 people per hectare (ERY average 1.4 people per hectare). The ward is rural in nature including the small town of Hedon and the villages of Preston and Thorngumbald. There is also industry in the area with the power station and chemical works located in Salt End. <b>22.3% of the population are aged 50-64.</b> <b>30% of the population are over 60.</b>		
Income	The average household income for 2009 is £34,400 (ERY average £32,700) (Acxiom). The proportion of people claiming benefits is close to the East Riding average. People on Incapacity Benefit is 4% (ERY average 5%), and those of a pensionable age claiming Pension Credit is 20% (ERY average 21%) (DWP, 2009). Employment in the ward is high with the amount of people claiming Job Seekers Allowance at 1.8% (ERY average 3.5%) (DWP, 2009).		
Deprivation	The level of deprivation in this ward is low, based on the 2007 Indices of Deprivation (CLG) one out of nine LSOAs in the ward are ranked in the 20% least deprived for England and a further five are ranked 40% least deprived.		
Health Priorities	SAR and SMR data would indicate that the health of the ward population is average across all conditions considered (see Appendices Twelve and Thirteen)		
<b>3.72. Access to Healthcare:</b>	93.8% of people travelled 3 miles or less to their GP surgery (ERY average 84.3%). In terms of travel time 85.8% travelled 15 minutes or less (East Riding average 79.2%) (PCT 2009 lifestyle survey). The majority of journeys (54.2%) were made by car, though a relatively high proportion (45.2%) stated that they usually went to their GP surgery on foot.		
<b>3.73. Necessary Services: current provision</b>	Pharmacies	3 One pharmacy in Hedon operates as a 100 hour pharmacy in Hedon giving essential extended hours access to pharmaceutical services in the early mornings, evenings and at weekends. They are open from 6.30am to 10.30pm on Monday to Friday 6.30am to 10pm on Saturday and 10am to 4pm on Sunday.	
	GP Surgeries	2	Dispensing 2
	GP Extended Hrs	Extended hours are offered by both GP practices but these are covered by the hours opened by the 100 hours contract pharmacy	
	Out of Hours	Hedon: 6pm -11pm Monday to Friday. 8pm to 11pm Saturday and Sunday.	
	Minor Injuries Unit	Withernsea, Hull, Beverley	
<b>3.74. Necessary Services; gaps in provision</b>	The PCT does not consider that there are any gaps in the provision of pharmaceutical services in the Ward that either need to be filled to meet an immediate gap or need to be commissioned in specified future circumstances.		

<b>3.75. Other Relevant Services: current provision</b>		<b>Currently provide</b>	<b>Intending to provide in next 12 months</b>	<b>Not intending to provide</b>
	Medicines Use Reviews	3 pharmacies	0 pharmacies	0 pharmacies
	Appliance Use Review	0 pharmacies	3 pharmacies	0 pharmacies
	Stoma Customisation	0 pharmacies	1 pharmacy	2 pharmacies
	Enhanced Services	A list of enhanced services provided by the pharmacies can be found in Appendix Fourteen.		
	Other	The PCT commissions a smoking cessation clinic on Wednesdays in Hedon from 4pm to 6pm.		
<b>3.76. Improvements and Better Access: gaps in provision</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Supervised buprenorphine consumption service. The PCT considers there to be a gap in service provision and will commission this low demand service on an individual patient basis</li> <li>Smoking cessation counselling service in the Ward. The PCT considers there to be a gap in service provision and will consider the need to commission a service in this ward.</li> </ul>			
<b>3.77. Potential new services</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>NHS Health Checks</li> <li>Domiciliary medication support service</li> </ul>			

### Issues for consideration

Having considered the information provided about pharmaceutical provision in this Ward, please consider the questions below and fill in the accompanying questionnaire which is available from our website at [www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna](http://www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna).

- Do you agree that there are no gaps in necessary pharmaceutical services?
- Do you agree with the gap described for improvements and better access?
- Are there other gaps for improvements and better access that you would like to suggest for this Ward?
- Do you agree with the suggestions for potential new services?
- Are there other suggestions for potential new services that you would like to make?
- Would you like to make any other comments about this Ward?

## South East Holderness (Map 24)

<p><b>3.78. Ward Profile</b></p> <p>Population</p>	<p>The population of this ward is 15,400 (ONS mid-year estimates 2008) with a population density of 0.8 people per hectare (ERY average 1.4 people per hectare). This ward is rural and lowland in nature. Aside from the town of Withernsea, the population is spread between villages such as Keyingham and Patrington.</p> <p><b>24% of the ward population are aged 60 or more.</b></p> <p><b>23.9% of the population are aged 50-64.</b></p> <p><b>Seasonal variation in the ward population is an important consideration as there are a high number of hotels/guest houses/caravan parks within the ward. A number of sites offer long term accommodation/access and the health needs of this long term, often elderly population is significant.</b></p>			
<p>Income</p>	<p>The average household income for 2009 is £29,100 (ERY average £32,700) (Acxiom).</p> <p><b>The percentage of people claiming benefits is much higher than the East Riding average.</b> People of a pensionable age claiming Pension Credit i(ERY average 21%)and those claiming Incapacity Benefit is 9% (ERY average 5%)(DWP, 2009).</p> <p>Employment in the ward however is higher than the East Riding as a whole with the amount of people claiming Job Seekers Allowance 3.1% (ERY average 3.5%) (DWP, 2009).</p>			
<p>Deprivation</p>	<p><b>The level of deprivation in this ward is high.</b> Based on the 2007 Indices of Deprivation (CLG) one out of ten LSOAs in the ward are ranked in the 10% most deprived for England and a further two are ranked in the 20% least deprived.</p>			
<p>Health Priorities</p>	<p><b>Life expectancy at birth is 76.7 years – the third lowest in the East Riding. SAR data would indicate that tackling a range of long term conditions including CHD and reducing emergency and lung cancer admissions are priorities for the ward</b> (see Appendix Twelve).</p> <p><b>SMR data shows significantly high rates of premature deaths (i.e. at age &lt; 75) indicating that the health of people in this ward is generally poorer than average.</b> (see Appendix Thirteen).</p>			
<p><b>3.79. Access to Healthcare:</b></p>	<p>79.3% of people travel 3 miles or less to their GP surgery (ERY average 84.3%. In terms of travel time 82.4% travelled 15 minutes or less (East Riding average 79.2%) (PCT 2009 lifestyle survey). The majority of journeys (45.2%) were made on foot, though a relatively high proportion (41.7%) stated that they usually went to their GP surgery in their own car.</p>			
<p><b>3.80. Necessary Services: current provision</b></p>	<p>Pharmacies</p>	<p>4</p> <p>One pharmacy in Withernsea operates as a 100 hour pharmacy in Withernsea giving essential extended hours access to pharmaceutical services particularly in the evening and at weekends. They are open from 6.30am to 10.30pm on Monday to Friday 6.30am to 10pm on Saturday and 10am to 4pm on Sunday</p>		
	<p>GP Surgeries</p>	<p>1 Main and 4 Branch (Patrington, Roos and Keyingham)</p>	<p>Dispensing</p>	<p>5</p>
	<p>GP Extended Hrs</p>	<p>None</p>		

	Out of Hours	Hedon		
	Minor Injuries Unit	A Minor Injuries unit in Withernsea provided by ERY Community Services opens 9am to 5pm Monday to Friday.		
<b>3.81. Necessary Services; gaps in provision</b>	The PCT does not consider that there are any gaps in the provision of pharmaceutical services in the ward that either need to be filled to meet an immediate need or need to be commissioned in specified future circumstances.			
<b>3.82. Other Relevant Services: current provision</b>		<b>Currently provide</b>	<b>Intending to provide in next 12 months</b>	<b>Not intending to provide</b>
	Medicines Use Reviews	2 pharmacy	1 pharmacy	1 pharmacy
	Appliance Use Review	0 pharmacies	1 pharmacy	3 pharmacies
	Stoma Customisation	0 pharmacies	0 pharmacies	4 pharmacies
	Enhanced Services	A list of enhanced services provided by the pharmacies can be found in Appendix Fourteen. All local enhanced services are provided by at least one pharmacy in Withernsea.		
	Other	The PCT commissions a smoking cessation clinics in Withernsea on Mondays 5.30pm to 7pm and Tuesdays from 10am to 12pm.		
<b>3.83. Improvements and Better Access: gaps in provision</b>	There is a gap in provision of the MUR advanced service for patients using the pharmacy, which does not intend to provide MURs.			
<b>3.84. Potential new services</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Emergency supply of medicines service</li> <li>• NHS Health Checks</li> <li>• Weight management services</li> <li>• Medicines management services for specific long term conditions (e.g. CHD, COPD and diabetes)</li> <li>• Domiciliary medication support service</li> </ul>			

### Issues for consideration

Having considered the information provided about pharmaceutical provision in this Ward, please consider the questions below and fill in the accompanying questionnaire which is available from our website at [www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna](http://www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna).

- Do you agree that there are no gaps in necessary pharmaceutical services?
- Do you agree with the gap described for improvements and better access?
- Are there other gaps for improvements and better access that you would like to suggest for this Ward?
- Do you agree with the suggestions for potential new services?
- Are there other suggestions for potential new services that you would like to make?
- Would you like to make any other comments about this Ward?

## Beverley Rural (Map 25)

<b>3.85. Ward Profile</b>  Population	The population of this ward is 14,400 (ONS mid-year estimates 2008) with a population density of 0.7 people per hectare (ERY average 1.4 people per hectare). This indicates the rural nature of the ward - classified as less sparse town and fringe, village and hamlets by ONS (2004). The villages with the largest populations are Leven, Leconfield and Walkington. <b>23.6% of the population are aged 50-64.</b>			
Income	The average household income for 2009 is high at £40,000 (ERY average £32,700) (Acxiom). This affluence is reflected in the low proportion of people claiming benefits in Beverley Rural. People on Incapacity Benefit is 2.2% (ERY average 5%), and those claiming Disability Living Allowance is 0.7% (ERY average 1.0%) (DWP, 2009). Employment in the ward is high with the amount of people claiming Job Seekers Allowance only 2.0% (ERY average 3.5%) (DWP, 2009).			
Deprivation	The level of deprivation in this ward is low, based on the 2007 Indices of Deprivation (CLG) six out of nine LSOAs in the ward are ranked in the 10% least deprived for England.			
Health Priorities	<b>SAR data would indicate that reducing lung cancer admissions is a priority for this ward.</b> However both SAR data and SMR (mortality) data suggest that in general the health of residents of this ward is good (Appendices Twelve and Thirteen).			
<b>3.86. Access to Healthcare:</b>	<b>57.6% of people travelled 3 miles or less to their GP surgery (ERY average 84.3%). This is the third lowest level in the PCT area.</b> In terms of travel time 68.4% travelled 15 minutes or less (East Riding average 79.2% (PCT 2009 lifestyle survey) The majority of journeys (71.9%) were made using the patient's own car			
<b>3.87. Necessary Services: current provision</b>	Pharmacies	1		
	GP Surgeries	1	Dispensing	1
	GP Extended Hrs	None		
	Out of Hours	Beverley, Bridlington		
	Minor Injuries Unit	Beverley, Bridlington, Hornsea		
<b>3.88. Necessary Services; gaps in provision</b>	There is currently no provision of pharmaceutical services in the Ward on Sundays. However, in view of the fact that out of hours provision is currently provided outside the Ward anyway the PCT considers there is no gap in necessary service provision.			
<b>3.89. Other Relevant Services: current provision</b>		<b>Currently provide</b>	<b>Intending to provide in next 12 months</b>	<b>Not intending to provide</b>
	Medicines Use Reviews	1 pharmacy	0 pharmacies	0 pharmacies
	Appliance Use Review	0 pharmacies	1 pharmacy	0 pharmacies
	Stoma Customisation	0 pharmacies	0 pharmacies	1 pharmacy
	Enhanced Services	A list of enhanced services provided by the pharmacies can be found in Appendix Fourteen.		

	Other	None identified
<b>3.90. Improvements and Better Access: gaps in provision</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Supervised buprenorphine consumption service</li> </ul> <p>The PCT considers there to be a gap in service provision and commission this low demand service on an individual patient basis</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Needle exchange service.</li> </ul> <p>The PCT considers there to be a gap in service provision and will consider the need to commission a service in this ward.</p> <p>Although there is no choice of provider within the ward the PCT considers there is adequate choice of provider in neighbouring wards.</p>	
<b>3.91. Potential new services</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>NHS Health Checks</li> </ul>	

### Issues for consideration

Having considered the information provided about pharmaceutical provision in this Ward, please consider the questions below and fill in the accompanying questionnaire which is available from our website at [www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna](http://www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna).

- Do you agree that there are no gaps in necessary pharmaceutical services?
- Do you agree with the gaps described for improvements and better access?
- Are there other gaps for improvements and better access that you would like to suggest for this Ward?
- Do you agree with the suggestions for potential new services?
- Are there other suggestions for potential new services that you would like to make?
- Would you like to make any other comments about this Ward?

## St Mary's (Beverley) (Map 26)

<b>3.92. Ward Profile</b>  Population	The population of this ward is 16,000 (ONS mid-year estimates 2008) with a population density of 15.6 people per hectare (ERY average 1.4 people per hectare). This ward is urban in nature and covers parts of Beverley including the racecourse, and Molescroft. <b>21.3% of the population is aged over 65.</b> <b>20.8% of the population are aged 50-64</b>		
Income	The average household income for 2009 is £38,500 (ERY average £32,700) (Acxiom). This affluence is reflected in the low proportion of people claiming benefits the ward. People of a pensionable age claiming Pension Credit is 15% (ERY average 21%) and those claiming Disability Living Allowance is 0.6% (ERY average 1% (DWP, 2009). Employment in the ward is slightly high with the amount of people claiming Job Seekers Allowance 3.9% (ERY average 3.5%) (DWP, 2009).		
Deprivation	The level of deprivation in this ward is low, based on the 2007 Indices of Deprivation (CLG) five out of ten LSOAs in the ward are ranked in the 10% least deprived for England		
Health Priorities	<b>SAR data would indicate that reducing lung cancer admissions is a priority for this ward.</b> However both admission and mortality (SMR) data suggest that in general the health of residents of this ward is good (Appendices Twelve and Thirteen)		
<b>3.93. Access to Healthcare:</b>	96.9% of people travelled 3 miles or less to their GP surgery ERY average 84.3%). In terms of travel time 77.2% travelled 15 minutes or less (ERY average 79.2%) (2009 lifestyle survey). A high proportion of journeys (52.8%) were made on foot (ERY average 34.3%)		
<b>3.94. Necessary Services: current provision</b>	Pharmacies	6	
	GP Surgeries	5	Dispensing 2
	GP Extended Hrs	3 practices offer extended hours services. One surgery offers services until 8.30pm one evening per week (variable day). One surgery offers services 8.30am to 11.30am on Saturdays One surgery offers services from 6.30pm to 8pm on Mondays	
	Out of Hours	An Out of Hours Service is provided by ERY Community Services in the St Mary's Ward.	
	Minor Injuries Unit	A Minor Injuries Service is provided by Hull and East Yorkshire Hospitals Trust (9am to 5pm Monday to Friday only) in the St Mary's Ward at Beverley Westwood Hospital.	
<b>3.95. Necessary Services; gaps in provision</b>	Pharmaceutical services are only provided until 6pm in the ward. Extended hours are provided at one pharmacy in the neighbouring Minster and Woodmansey Ward. In view of the fact that the PCT provides an out of hours service in the ward the PCT consider that there is inadequate provision of pharmaceutical services across both the St Mary's and Minster and Woodmansey wards between 8pm and 11pm Monday to Friday, 6pm to 11pm on Saturday and 4pm to 7pm on Sundays.		

<b>3.96. Other Relevant Services: current provision</b>		<b>Currently provide</b>	<b>Intending to provide in next 12 months</b>	<b>Not intending to provide</b>
	Medicines Use Reviews	6 pharmacies	0 pharmacies	0 pharmacies
	Appliance Use Review	0 pharmacies	1 pharmacy	5 pharmacies
	Stoma Customisation	0 pharmacies	1 pharmacy	5 pharmacies
	Enhanced Services	A list of enhanced services provided by the pharmacies can be found in Appendix Fourteen. All local enhanced services are provided by at least one pharmacy in St Mary's Ward.		
	Other	The PCT commissions smoking cessation clinics in Beverley on Tuesdays (6.45pm – 8pm), Thursdays (1.30pm to 2.30pm and 7pm to 8pm) and Fridays (9.45am to 11am)		
<b>3.97. Improvements and Better Access: gaps in provision</b>	None identified			
<b>3.98. Potential new services</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• NHS Health Checks</li> <li>• Domiciliary medication support service</li> </ul>			

### Issues for consideration

Having considered the information provided about pharmaceutical provision in this Ward, please consider the questions below and fill in the accompanying questionnaire which is available from our website at [www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna](http://www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna).

- Do you agree with the gap described in necessary pharmaceutical services?
- Are there any gaps for improvements and better access that you would like to suggest for this Ward?
- Do you agree with the suggestions for potential new services?
- Are there other suggestions for potential new services that you would like to make?
- Would you like to make any other comments about this Ward?

## Minster and Woodmansey (Map 27)

<b>3.99. Ward Profile</b>  Population	The population of this ward is 15,900 (ONS mid-year estimates 2008) with a population density of 7.5 people per hectare (ERY average 1.4 people per hectare). This ward covers some of the Beverley urban area, as well as the villages of Woodmansey and Thearne. <b>18.0% of the ward population are aged 14 and under.</b>		
Income	The average household income for 2009 is £30,200 (ERY average £32,700) (Acxiom). The percentage of people claiming benefits is similar to the East Riding average. People of a pensionable age claiming Pension Credit is 24% (ERY average 21%) and those claiming Incapacity Benefit is 4% (ERY average 5%) (DWP, 2009). Employment in the ward is slightly lower than in the East Riding as a whole with the amount of people claiming Job Seekers Allowance 3.9% (ERY average 3.5%)(DWP, 2009).		
Deprivation	The level of deprivation in this ward is low, based on the 2007 Indices of Deprivation (CLG) two out of ten LSOAs in the ward are ranked in the 10% least deprived for England and a further two are ranked 20% least deprived		
Health Priorities	<b>SAR data would indicate that tackling admissions for long term conditions and reducing lung cancer admissions are a priority for the ward (see Appendix Twelve).</b>		
<b>3.100. Access to Healthcare:</b>	96.9% of people travelled 3 miles or less to their GP surgery (ERY average 84.3%). In terms of travel time 76.7% travelled 15 minutes or less (East Riding average 79.2%) (PCT 2009 lifestyle survey). A high proportion of journeys (46.9%) were made on foot (East Riding average 34.3%)		
<b>3.101. Necessary Services: current provision</b>	Pharmacies	2 One pharmacy offers pharmaceutical services for an extended period including Sundays. Their weekday opening hours are 9am to 8pm. They are open 9am to 6pm on Saturdays and 10am to 4pm on Sundays.	
	GP Surgeries	2 Main and 2 Branch (Beverley)	Dispensing   0
	GP Extended Hrs	Two of the four GP surgeries offer extended hours services. One surgery is open 8am to 11am on Saturdays One surgery is open from 6.30pm to 7.15pm on Thursdays	
	Out of Hours	Beverley (see St Mary's Ward)	
	Minor Injuries Unit	Beverley (see St Mary's Ward)	
<b>3.102. Necessary Services; gaps in provision</b>	The PCT consider that there is inadequate provision of pharmaceutical services in Beverley (across the 2 wards of St Mary's and Minster and Woodmansey)) between 8pm and 11pm Monday to Friday, 6pm to 11pm on Saturday and 4pm to 7pm on Sundays.		

<b>3.103. Other Relevant Services: current provision</b>		<b>Currently provide</b>	<b>Intending to provide in next 12 months</b>	<b>Not intending to provide</b>
	Medicines Use Reviews	2 pharmacies	0 pharmacies	0 pharmacies
	Appliance Use Review	0 pharmacies	1 pharmacy	1 pharmacy
	Stoma Customisation	0 pharmacies	1 pharmacy	1 pharmacy
	Enhanced Services	A list of enhanced services provided by the pharmacies can be found in Appendix Fourteen		
	Other	The PCT commissions smoking cessation clinics in Beverley on Tuesdays (6.45pm – 8pm) Thursdays (1.30pm to 2.30pm and 7pm to 8pm) and Fridays (9.45am to 11am)		
<b>3.104. Improvements and Better Access: gaps in provision</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Supervised methadone consumption service. The PCT considers there to be a gap in service provision and will consider the need to commission a service in this ward.</li> <li>Supervised buprenorphine consumption service in the Ward. The PCT considers there to be a gap in service provision and will commission this low demand service on an individual patient basis</li> </ul>			
<b>3.105. Potential new services</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>NHS Health Checks</li> <li>Weight management services (aimed at under 14s)</li> </ul>			

### Issues for consideration

Having considered the information provided about pharmaceutical provision in this Ward, please consider the questions below and fill in the accompanying questionnaire which is available from our website at [www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna](http://www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna).

- Do you agree with the gap described in necessary pharmaceutical services?
- Do you agree with the gaps described for improvements and better access?
- Are there other gaps for improvements and better access that you would like to suggest for this Ward?
- Do you agree with the suggestions for potential new services?
- Are there other suggestions for potential new services that you would like to make?
- Would you like to make any other comments about this Ward?

## Dale (Map 28)

<p><b>3.106. Ward Profile</b></p> <p>Population</p>	<p>The population of this ward is 17,900 (ONS mid-year estimates 2008) with a population density of 2.0 people per hectare (ERY average 1.4 people per hectare). This indicates the rural nature of the ward - classified as less sparse town and fringe, village and hamlets by ONS (2004).</p> <p><b>By population this is the largest ward in the East Riding.</b> The village with the largest population is Brough which has seen a constant increase of new homes in recent years. Other villages with large populations are Elloughton, South Cave and Skidby.</p> <p><b>25.5% of the population is aged 35-50.</b></p>		
<p>Income</p>	<p>The average household income for 2009 is high at £42,300 (ERY average £32,700 (Acxiom).</p> <p>This affluence is reflected in the low percentage of people claiming benefits in the ward. People on Incapacity Benefit is 1.9% (ERY average 5%) and those claiming Disability Living Allowance is 0.7% (ERY average 1%) (DWP, 2009).</p> <p>Employment in the ward is high with the amount of people claiming Job Seekers Allowance only 1.9% (ERY average 3.5%) (DWP, 2009).</p>		
<p>Deprivation</p>	<p><b>The level of deprivation in this ward is very low</b>, based on the 2007 Indices of Deprivation (CLG) six out of ten LSOAs in the ward are ranked in the 10% least deprived for England.</p>		
<p>Health Priorities</p>	<p><b>SARs data would indicate that reducing lung cancer admissions is a priority for this ward</b> (see Appendix Twelve)</p> <p>SMR data show a significantly high rate of deaths from stroke, though the data for other conditions suggest that in general the health of the residents of this ward is good (see Appendix Thirteen).</p>		
<p><b>3.107. Access to Healthcare:</b></p>	<p>2009 lifestyle survey showed that 92.7% of people travelled 3 miles or less to their GP surgery. This is higher than the East Riding average of 84.3%. In terms of travel time 88.4% travelled 15 minutes or less (East Riding average 79.2%) and the majority of journeys (56.3%) were made using the patient's own car, though a fairly high proportion (34.9%) responded that they usually walk to the GP surgery</p>		
<p><b>3.108. Necessary Services: current provision</b></p>	<p>Pharmacies</p>	<p>2</p> <p>One pharmacy opens until 8.30pm on Mondays, 7pm on other weekday evenings, 9am to 5pm Saturday and 10am to 2pm on Sundays.</p>	
	<p>GP Surgeries</p>	<p>1 Main and 2 Branch (South Cave and Little Weighton)</p>	<p>Dispensing 3</p>
	<p>GP Extended Hrs</p>	<p>The GP practice at Brough (6.30pm to 8.15pm on Mondays and (9am to 12pm Saturday mornings) and South Cave (6.30pm to 8.15pm on Thursdays) provide extended hours</p>	
	<p>Out of Hours</p>	<p>Beverley, Hull</p>	
	<p>Minor Injuries Unit</p>	<p>Beverley, Hull</p>	
<p><b>3.109. Necessary Services; gaps in provision</b></p>	<p>The PCT considers that there is a gap in provision of necessary services to the population of Elloughton village based on the size of the population and the restricted choice of pharmacy provider in the rest of the ward.</p>		

<b>3.110. Other Relevant Services: current provision</b>		<b>Currently provide</b>	<b>Intending to provide in next 12 months</b>	<b>Not intending to provide</b>
	Medicines Use Reviews	2 pharmacies	0 pharmacies	0 pharmacies
	Appliance Use Review	0 pharmacies	1 pharmacy	1 pharmacy
	Stoma Customisation	0 pharmacies	1 pharmacy	1 pharmacy
	Enhanced Services	A list of enhanced services provided by the pharmacies can be found in Appendix Fourteen		
	Other	City Healthcare Partnership offers a smoking cessation service in South Cave on Mondays at 10.30am to 11.45am.		
<b>3.111. Improvements and Better Access: gaps in provision</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Supervised buprenorphine consumption service</li> </ul> <p>The PCT considers there to be a gap in service provision and will commission this low demand service on an individual patient basis</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Needle exchange service</li> <li>Smoking cessation counselling service</li> </ul> <p>The PCT considers there to be gaps in service provision and will consider the need to commission these services in this ward.</p>			
<b>3.112. Potential new services</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>NHS Health Checks</li> </ul>			

### Issues for consideration

Having considered the information provided about pharmaceutical provision in this Ward, please consider the questions below and fill in the accompanying questionnaire which is available from our website at [www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna](http://www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna).

- Do you agree with the gap described in necessary pharmaceutical services?
- Do you agree with the gaps described for improvements and better access?
- Are there other gaps for improvements and better access that you would like to suggest for this Ward?
- Do you agree with the suggestions for potential new services?
- Are there other suggestions for potential new services that you would like to make?
- Would you like to make any other comments about this Ward?

## Cottingham North (Map 29)

<b>3.113. Ward Profile</b>  Population	The population of this ward is 8,800 (ONS mid-year estimates 2008) with a population density of 8.9 people per hectare (ERY average 1.4 people per hectare). This indicates the more urban nature of the ward, covering a large area of Cottingham and the village of Dunswell. <b>22.5% of the population is aged 15-24.</b>			
Income	The average household income for 2009 is £28,800 (ERY average £32,700) (Acxiom). There is a low percentage of people claiming benefits in the ward. People on Incapacity Benefit is 2.5% (ERY average 5%) and those claiming Disability Living Allowance is 0.7% (ERY average 1%) (DWP, 2009). Employment in the ward is high with the amount of people claiming Job Seekers Allowance only 2.4% (ERY average 3.5%) (DWP, 2009).			
Deprivation	The level of deprivation in this ward is low, based on the 2007 Indices of Deprivation (CLG) two out of nine LSOAs in the ward are ranked in the 10% least deprived for England and a further three are ranked 20% least deprived.			
Health Priorities	Smoking prevalence is 7.1% - the lowest in the East Riding. However <b>reducing lung cancer admissions would still seem to be a priority from the SAR data</b> although in general the admission and mortality data in Appendices Twelve and Thirteen suggest that the health of residents of this ward is good.			
<b>3.114. Access to Healthcare:</b>	100% of people travelled 3 miles or less to their GP surgery (ERY average 84.3%) and the only ward in the PCT area to have this proximity. In terms of travel time 83.3% travelled 15 minutes or less (East Riding average 79.2%) (PCT 2009 lifestyle survey) A high proportion of journeys (40.5%) were made on foot (East Riding average 34.3%)			
<b>3.115. Necessary Services: current provision</b>	Pharmacies	2		
	GP Surgeries	0 2 surgeries located on boundary but in Cottingham South)	Dispensing	0
	GP Extended Hrs	N/A		
	Out of Hours	Beverley, Hull		
	Minor Injuries Unit	Beverley, Hull		
<b>3.116. Necessary Services; gaps in provision</b>	There is currently no provision of pharmaceutical services in the ward on Sundays. However in view of the fact that out of hours provision is currently provided outside the Ward the PCT considers there is no gap in necessary service provision.			
<b>3.117. Other Relevant Services: current provision</b>		<b>Currently provide</b>	<b>Intending to provide in next 12 months</b>	<b>Not intending to provide</b>
	Medicines Use Reviews	2 pharmacies	0 pharmacies	0 pharmacies
	Appliance Use Review	0 pharmacies	2 pharmacies	0 pharmacies
	Stoma Customisation	0 pharmacies	2 pharmacies	0 pharmacies
	Enhanced Services	A list of enhanced services provided by the pharmacies can be found in Appendix Fourteen		
	Other	The PCT commissions smoking cessation clinics in Cottingham on Tuesdays at 6pm and Thursdays (10.30am		

		to 12.30pm)
<b>3.118. Improvements and Better Access: gaps in provision</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Supervised buprenorphine consumption service. The PCT considers there to be a gap in service provision and will commission this low demand service on an individual patient basis</li> <li>Needle exchange service The PCT considers there to be a gap in service provision and will consider the need to commission a service in this ward.</li> </ul>	
<b>3.119. Potential new services</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>PGDs to enable the supply of medicines related to sexual health</li> <li>NHS Health Checks</li> </ul>	

### Issues for consideration

Having considered the information provided about pharmaceutical provision in this Ward, please consider the questions below and fill in the accompanying questionnaire which is available from our website at [www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna](http://www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna).

- Do you agree that there are no gaps in necessary pharmaceutical services?
- Do you agree with the gaps described for improvements and better access?
- Are there other gaps for improvements and better access that you would like to suggest for this Ward?
- Do you agree with the suggestions for potential new services?
- Are there other suggestions for potential new services that you would like to make?
- Would you like to make any other comments about this Ward?

## Cottingham South (Map 30)

<b>3.120. Ward Profile</b>  Population	The population of this ward is 9,000 (ONS mid-year estimates 2008) with a population density of 18.4 people per hectare (ERY average 1.4 people per hectare). This indicates the urban nature of the ward, covering the bulk of Cottingham and a small amount of the surrounding area. <b>26.5% of the population is aged 65 or over.</b>			
Income	The average household income for 2009 is slightly low at £27,400 (ERY average £32,700) (Acxiom). People claiming benefits in Cottingham North is very close to the East Riding average. People on Incapacity Benefit is 4.7% (ERY average 5%), and those claiming Disability Living Allowance is 1.1% (ERY average 1%) (DWP, 2009). Employment in the ward is slightly low with the amount of people claiming Job Seekers Allowance 4.1% (ERY average 3.5%) (DWP, 2009).			
Deprivation	The level of deprivation in this ward is low, based on the 2007 Indices of Deprivation (CLG) one out of six LSOAs in the ward are ranked in the 10% least deprived for England and a further one is ranked 20% least deprived			
Health Priorities	<b>With an elderly population the SAR data suggests tackling the problems associated with long term conditions is a priority.</b> Smoking prevalence is 7.1% - the lowest in the East Riding. However reducing lung cancer admissions is still a priority. In general the admission and mortality data in Appendices Twelve and Thirteen suggest that the health of residents of this ward is good.			
<b>3.121. Access to Healthcare:</b>	98.2% of people travelled 3 miles or less to their GP surgery (ERY average 84.3%). In terms of travel time 77.9% travelled 15 minutes or less (East Riding average 79.2%) (PCT 2009 lifestyle survey) A high proportion of journeys (50.0%) were made on foot (East Riding average 34.3%)			
<b>3.122. Necessary Services: current provision</b>	Pharmacies	1		
	GP Surgeries	3	Dispensing 1	
	GP Extended Hrs	None		
	Out of Hours	Beverley, Hull		
	Minor Injuries Unit	Beverley, Hull		
<b>3.123. Necessary Services; gaps in provision</b>	There is currently no provision of pharmaceutical services in the ward on Sundays. However in view of the fact that out of hours provision is currently provided outside the Ward the PCT considers there is no gap in necessary service provision.			
<b>3.124. Other Relevant Services: current provision</b>		<b>Currently provide</b>	<b>Intending to provide in next 12 months</b>	<b>Not intending to provide</b>
	Medicines Use Reviews	1 pharmacy	0 pharmacies	0 pharmacies
	Appliance Use Review	0 pharmacies	1 pharmacy	0 pharmacies
	Stoma Customisation	0 pharmacies	0 pharmacies	1 pharmacy
	Enhanced	A list of enhanced services provided by the pharmacies		

	Services	can be found in Appendix Fourteen
	Other	The PCT commissions smoking cessation clinics in Cottingham on Thursdays (10.30am to 12.30pm)
<b>3.125. Improvements and Better Access: gaps in provision</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Supervised buprenorphine consumption service.</li> </ul> <p>The PCT considers there to be a gap in service provision and will commission this low demand service on an individual patient basis</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Needle exchange service</li> </ul> <p>The PCT considers there to be a gap in service provision and will consider the need to commission a service in this ward.</p> <p>Although there is no choice of provider within the ward the PCT considers there is adequate choice of provider in neighbouring wards.</p>	
<b>3.126. Potential new services</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>NHS Health Checks</li> <li>Medicines management services for specific long term conditions (e.g. CHD, COPD and diabetes)</li> <li>Domiciliary medication support service</li> </ul>	

### Issues for consideration

Having considered the information provided about pharmaceutical provision in this Ward, please consider the questions below and fill in the accompanying questionnaire which is available from our website at [www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna](http://www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna).

- Do you agree that there are no gaps in necessary pharmaceutical services?
- Do you agree with the gaps described for improvements and better access?
- Are there other gaps for improvements and better access that you would like to suggest for this Ward?
- Do you agree with the suggestions for potential new services?
- Are there other suggestions for potential new services that you would like to make?
- Would you like to make any other comments about this Ward?

## Willerby and Kirk Ella (Map 31)

<b>3.127. Ward Profile</b>	The population of this ward is 13,400 (ONS mid-year estimates 2008) with a population density of 12.8 people per hectare (ERY average 1.4 people per hectare). This ward is mainly urban in nature covering the villages of Willerby and Kirk Ella near to the Hull border. <b>23.9% of the population is aged 65 or more.</b>			
Population				
Income	The average household income for 2009 is high at £37,500 (ERY average £32,700) (Acxiom). This affluence is reflected in the low percentage of people claiming benefits in Willerby and Kirk Ella. People on Incapacity Benefit is 2.5% (ERY average 5%) and those of a pensionable age claiming Pension Credit is 9% (ERY average 21%)(DWP, 2009). Employment in the ward is high with the amount of people claiming Job Seekers Allowance 2.0% (ERY average 3.5%) (DWP, 2009).			
Deprivation	The level of deprivation in this ward is very low – the second lowest in the East Riding based on the 2007 Indices of Deprivation (CLG) six out of nine LSOAs in the ward are ranked in the 10% least deprived for England and the remaining three are in the 20% least deprived.			
Health Priorities	SAR and SMR data would indicate that the health of the ward population is above average across all conditions considered (see Appendix Twelve and Thirteen)			
<b>3.128. Access to Healthcare:</b>	89.9% of people travelled 3 miles or less to their GP surgery (ERY average 84.3%). In terms of travel time 83.6% travelled 15 minutes or less (ERY average 79.2%) (PCT 2009 lifestyle survey) The majority of journeys (65.8%) are made by car.			
<b>3.129. Necessary Services: current provision</b>	Pharmacies	2 Both pharmacies are open on Saturday mornings		
	GP Surgeries	1	Dispensing 0	
	GP Extended Hrs	The GP surgery offers extended hours provision on Saturday mornings		
	Out of Hours	Beverley, Hull		
	Minor Injuries Unit	Beverley, Hull		
<b>3.130. Necessary Services; gaps in provision</b>	There is currently no provision of pharmaceutical services in the ward on Sundays. However, in view of the fact that out of hours provision is currently provided outside the ward the PCT considers there is no gap in necessary service provision.			
<b>3.131. Other Relevant Services: current provision</b>		<b>Currently provide</b>	<b>Intending to provide in next 12 months</b>	<b>Not intending to provide</b>
	Medicines Use Reviews	2 pharmacies	0 pharmacies	0 pharmacies
	Appliance Use Review	0 pharmacies	2 pharmacies	0 pharmacies
	Stoma Customisation	0 pharmacies	1 pharmacy	1 pharmacy
	Enhanced Services	A list of enhanced services provided by the pharmacies can be found in Appendix Fourteen		
	Other	None identified		

<b>3.132. Improvements and Better Access: gaps in provision</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Needle exchange service The PCT considers there to be a gap in service provision and will consider the need to commission a service in this ward.</li> </ul>
<b>3.133. Potential new services</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• NHS Health Checks</li> <li>• Domiciliary medication support service</li> </ul>

### Issues for consideration

Having considered the information provided about pharmaceutical provision in this Ward, please consider the questions below and fill in the accompanying questionnaire which is available from our website at [www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna](http://www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna).

- Do you agree that there are no gaps in necessary pharmaceutical services?
- Do you agree with the gap described for improvements and better access?
- Are there other gaps for improvements and better access that you would like to suggest for this Ward?
- Do you agree with the suggestions for potential new services?
- Are there other suggestions for potential new services that you would like to make?
- Would you like to make any other comments about this Ward?

## Tranby (Map 32)

<b>3.134. Ward Profile</b>  Population	The population of this ward is 9,800 (ONS mid-year estimates 2008) with a population density of 19.0 people per hectare (ERY average 1.4 people per hectare). This ward covers the urban area of Anlaby near to the Hull border. <b>21.2% of the population is aged 50-64.</b>		
Income	The average household income for 2009 is £31,100 (ERY average £32,700) (Acxiom). The percentage of people claiming benefits is similar to the East Riding average. People of a pensionable age claiming Pension Credit is 21% (ERY average 21%) and those claiming Incapacity Benefit is 4% (ERY average 5%) (DWP, 2009). Employment in the ward is slightly lower than in the East Riding as a whole with the amount of people claiming Job Seekers Allowance 3.9% (ERY average 3.5%) (DWP, 2009).		
Deprivation	The level of deprivation in this ward is low, based on the 2007 Indices of Deprivation (CLG) one out of seven LSOAs in the ward are ranked in the 10% least deprived for England and a further one is ranked 20% least deprived.		
Health Priorities	<b>Life expectancy at birth is 83.3 years – the highest in the East Riding.</b> SAR data would indicate that reducing lung cancer admissions may be a priority for this ward but both admissions and mortality data suggest that in general the health of the residents of this ward is good (Appendices Twelve and Thirteen)		
<b>3.135. Access to Healthcare:</b>	93.7% of people travel 3 miles or less to their GP surgery (ERY average 84.3%). In terms of travel time only 70.5% travelled 15 minutes or less (East Riding average 79.2%) (PCT 2009 lifestyle survey). The majority of journeys (51.4%) are made by car.		
<b>3.136. Necessary Services: current provision</b>	Pharmacies	1	
	GP Surgeries	1 Main and 1 Branch (Anlaby)	Dispensing 0
	GP Extended Hrs	None	
	Out of Hours	Beverley, Hull	
	Minor Injuries Unit	Beverley, Hull	
	Notes	Approximately 15% of prescriptions generated by the main surgery are dispensed outside the Tranby and Willerby And Kirk Ella wards. A number of pharmacies in both East Riding and Hull PCTs sit close to the ward boundary	
<b>3.137. Necessary Services; gaps in provision</b>	There is currently no provision of pharmaceutical services in the Ward on Sundays. However, in view of the fact that out of hours provision is currently provided outside the Ward the PCT considers there is no gap in necessary service provision.		

<b>3.138. Other Relevant Services: current provision</b>		<b>Currently provide</b>	<b>Intending to provide in next 12 months</b>	<b>Not intending to provide</b>
	Medicines Use Reviews	1 pharmacy	0 pharmacies	0 pharmacies
	Appliance Use Review	0 pharmacies	1 pharmacy	0 pharmacies
	Stoma Customisation	0 pharmacies	1 pharmacy	0 pharmacies
	Enhanced Services	A list of enhanced services provided by the pharmacies can be found in Appendix Fourteen		
	Other	City Healthcare Partnership offers smoking cessation clinics in Anlaby on Mondays (6pm to 8pm) and Wednesdays (2pm to 4pm)		
<b>3.139. Improvements and Better Access: gaps in provision</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Supervised buprenorphine consumption service. The PCT considers there to be a gap in service provision and will commission this low demand service on an individual patient basis</li> <li>Needle exchange service</li> </ul> <p>The PCT considers there to be a gap in service provision and will consider the need to commission a service in this ward. Although there is no choice of provider within the ward the PCT considers there is adequate choice of provider in neighbouring wards.</p>			
<b>3.140. Potential new services</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>NHS Health Checks</li> </ul>			

### Issues for consideration

Having considered the information provided about pharmaceutical provision in this Ward, please consider the questions below and fill in the accompanying questionnaire which is available from our website at [www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna](http://www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna).

- Do you agree that there are no gaps in necessary pharmaceutical services?
- Do you agree with the gaps described for improvements and better access?
- Are there other gaps for improvements and better access that you would like to suggest for this Ward?
- Do you agree with the suggestions for potential new services?
- Are there other suggestions for potential new services that you would like to make?
- Would you like to make any other comments about this Ward?

## South Hunsley (Map 33)

<b>3.141. Ward Profile</b>  Population	The population of this ward is 15,300 (ONS mid-year estimates 2008) with a population density of 3.5 people per hectare (ERY average 1.4 people per hectare). This ward is mainly rural in nature with the population situated in the larger villages of North Ferriby and Swanland. <b>23.1% of the population is aged 50-65.</b>		
Income	The average household income for 2009 is high at £39,200 (ERY average £32,700) (Acxiom). This affluence is reflected in the low percentage of people claiming benefits in the ward. People on Incapacity Benefit is 2.3% (ERY average 5%) and those of a pensionable age claiming Pension Credit is 9% (ERY average 21%) (DWP, 2009). Employment in the ward however is low relative to the East Riding with the amount of people claiming Job Seekers Allowance 5.2% (ERY average 3.5%) (DWP, 2009).		
Deprivation	<b>The level of deprivation in this ward is the lowest in the East Riding.</b> Based on the 2007 Indices of Deprivation (CLG) five out of six LSOAs in the ward are ranked in the 10% least deprived for England.		
Health Priorities	SAR and SMR data would indicate that the health of the ward population is above average across all conditions considered (see Appendices Twelve and Thirteen)		
<b>3.142. Access to Healthcare:</b>	In terms of access to healthcare, our 2009 lifestyle survey showed that 83.3% of people travelled 3 miles or less to their GP surgery. This is a little lower than the East Riding average of 84.3%. However, in terms of travel time 90.8% travelled 15 minutes or less (East Riding average 79.2%) with the highest proportion of journeys (62.4%) being made by car.		
<b>3.143. Necessary Services: current provision</b>	Pharmacies	2	
	GP Surgeries	2 Main and 1 Branch	Dispensing 0
	GP Extended Hrs	The GP practice in North Ferriby opens from 6.30pm to 7.45pm on Tuesdays and the GP practice in Swanland opens till 6.30pm Monday, Wednesday and Thursday and Fridays 7am to 8am.	
	Out of Hours	Hull, Beverley	
	Minor Injuries Unit	Hull, Beverley	
<b>3.144. Necessary Services; gaps in provision</b>	The PCT consider that there is inadequate provision of pharmaceutical services in Swanland between 5.30pm and 6.30pm on Mondays, Wednesdays and Thursdays considering the current pharmacy opening hours and ease of access to pharmaceutical services in other locations at this time. There is currently no provision of pharmaceutical services in the ward on Sundays. However, in view of the fact that out of hours provision is currently provided outside the ward the PCT considers there is no gap in necessary service provision on Sundays.		

3.145. Other Relevant Services: current provision		Currently provide	Intending to provide in next 12 months	Not intending to provide
	Medicines Use Reviews	2 pharmacies	0 pharmacies	0 pharmacies
	Appliance Use Review	0 pharmacies	2 pharmacies	0 pharmacies
	Stoma Customisation	0 pharmacies	1 pharmacy	1 pharmacy
	Enhanced Services	A list of enhanced services provided by the pharmacies can be found in Appendix Fourteen		
	Other	None identified		
3.146. Improvements and Better Access: gaps in provision	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Supervised buprenorphine consumption service. The PCT considers there to be a gap in service provision and will commission this low demand service on an individual patient basis</li> <li>• Needle exchange service</li> <li>• Smoking cessation counselling service</li> </ul> <p>The PCT considers there to be gaps in service provision and will consider the need to commission these services in this ward.</p>			
3.147. Potential new services	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• NHS Health Checks</li> </ul>			

### Issues for consideration

Having considered the information provided about pharmaceutical provision in this Ward, please consider the questions below and fill in the accompanying questionnaire which is available from our website at [www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna](http://www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna).

- Do you agree with the gap described in necessary pharmaceutical services?
- Do you agree with the gaps described for improvements and better access?
- Are there other gaps for improvements and better access that you would like to suggest for this Ward?
- Do you agree with the suggestions for potential new services?
- Are there other suggestions for potential new services that you would like to make?
- Would you like to make any other comments about this Ward?

## Hessle (Map 34)

<b>3.148. Ward Profile</b>  Population	The population of this ward is 15,100 (ONS mid-year estimates 2008) with a population density of 26.4 people per hectare (the most densely populated ward in the East Riding) (ERY average 1.4 people per hectare). This indicates the urban nature of the ward, lying on the edge of Hull and including the northern end of the Humber Bridge.		
Income	The average household income for 2009 is high at £37,000 (ERY average £32,700) (Acxiom). The number of people claiming benefits in the ward is close to the East Riding average. People on Incapacity Benefit is 3.3% (ERY average 5%) and those of a pensionable age claiming Pension Credit is 25% (ERY average 21%) (DWP, 2009). Employment in the ward is slightly low with the amount of people claiming Job Seekers Allowance 3.9% (ERY average 3.5%)(DWP, 2009).		
Deprivation	The level of deprivation in this ward is low, based on the 2007 Indices of Deprivation (CLG) one out of ten LSOAs in the ward are ranked in the 10% least deprived for England and a further eight are ranked 50% least deprived		
Health Priorities	The SAR data suggests that reducing the incidence of COPD and lung cancer admissions are the priorities for the ward. Deaths from lung cancer and stroke are above average (see Appendices Twelve and Thirteen)		
<b>3.149. Access to Healthcare:</b>	93.4% of people travelled 3 miles or less to their GP surgery (ERY average 84.3%). In terms of travel time 87.2% travelled 15 minutes or less (ERY average 79.2%) (PCT 2009 lifestyle survey) The highest proportion of journeys (51.8%) were made on foot with quite a low proportion (40.0%) being made by car (East Riding average 54.0%)		
<b>3.150. Necessary Services: current provision</b>	Pharmacies	3	
	GP Surgeries	3	Dispensing 0
	GP Extended Hrs	Hessle Grange Medical Practice offers an extended hours provision from 6.30pm to 8.15pm on Mondays and Thursdays.	
	Out of Hours	Hull, Beverley	
	Minor Injuries Unit	Hull, Beverley	
	Notes	A relatively high number of prescriptions generated in the ward surgeries are dispensed outside the ward. A significant proportion of these are dispensed in Hull PCT pharmacies	
<b>3.151. Necessary Services; gaps in provision</b>	The PCT considers that whilst there is a gap in provision when the GP surgery in Hessle is open extended hours, there is reasonable access to extended hours pharmaceutical services outside the ward on Mondays and Thursdays.		

<b>3.152. Other Relevant Services: current provision</b>		<b>Currently provide</b>	<b>Intending to provide in next 12 months</b>	<b>Not intending to provide</b>
	Medicines Use Reviews	2 pharmacies	1 pharmacy	0 pharmacies
	Appliance Use Review	0 pharmacies	2 pharmacies	1 pharmacy
	Stoma Customisation	0 pharmacies	2 pharmacies	1 pharmacy
	Enhanced Services	A list of enhanced services provided by the pharmacies can be found in Appendix Fourteen		
	Other	The PCT commissions smoking cessation clinics in Hessle on Mondays from 6.30pm and Fridays from 2.30pm to 4.30pm		
<b>3.153. Improvements and Better Access: gaps in provision</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Supervised buprenorphine consumption service. The PCT considers there to be a gap in service provision and will commission this low demand service on an individual patient basis</li> <li>Smoking cessation counselling service. The PCT considers there to be a gap in service provision and will consider the need to commission a service in this ward.</li> </ul>			
<b>3.154. Potential new services</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>NHS Health Checks</li> <li>Medicines management services for specific long term conditions (e.g. COPD)</li> </ul>			

### Issues for consideration

Having considered the information provided about pharmaceutical provision in this Ward, please consider the questions below and fill in the accompanying questionnaire which is available from our website at [www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna](http://www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna).

- Do you agree that there are no gaps in necessary pharmaceutical services?
- Do you agree with the gaps described for improvements and better access?
- Are there other gaps for improvements and better access that you would like to suggest for this Ward?
- Do you agree with the suggestions for potential new services?
- Are there other suggestions for potential new services that you would like to make?
- Would you like to make any other comments about this Ward?

## Howdenshire (Map 35)

<b>3.155. Ward Profile</b>  Population	The population of this ward is 14,800 (ONS mid-year estimates 2008) with a population density of 0.6 people per hectare (ERY average 1.4 people per hectare). This indicates the rural nature of the ward, covering the M62 corridor and villages such as Gilberdyke, Holme on Spalding Moor and North Cave. <b>24.1% of the population is aged 50-64.</b>			
Income	The average household income for 2009 is high at £44,900 (ERY average £32,700) (Acxiom). The number of people claiming benefits in the ward is very close to the East Riding average. People on Incapacity Benefit is 3.8% (ERY average 5%) and those of a pensionable age claiming Pension Credit is 19% (ERY average 21%) (DWP, 2009). Employment in the ward is high with the amount of people claiming Job Seekers Allowance 2.6% (ERY average 3.5%) (DWP, 2009).			
Deprivation	The level of deprivation in this ward is low, based on the 2007 Indices of Deprivation (CLG) one out of nine LSOAs in the ward are ranked in the 20% least deprived for England and a further five are ranked 40% least deprived.			
Health Priorities	SAR data would indicate that the health of the ward population is above average across all conditions considered (see Appendix Twelve) SMR data also suggests relatively good health for residents of this ward, though cancer death rates are somewhat higher than average (Appendix Thirteen)			
<b>3.156. Access to Healthcare:</b>	91.6% of people travel 3 miles or less to their GP surgery (ERY average of 84.3%. In terms of travel time 84.5% travelled 15 minutes or less (ERY average 79.2%) (PCT 2009 lifestyle survey). Patients were quite likely to walk to the surgery with 45.0% stating that they usually did so, whilst 45.7% stated that they usually used their own car.			
<b>3.157. Necessary Services: current provision</b>	Pharmacies	2		
	GP Surgeries	2 Main and 1 Branch (Bubwith)	Dispensing	3
	GP Extended Hrs	One practice offers an extended provision at the main surgery in Holme on Spalding Moor from 6.30pm to 7.30pm on Mondays and Wednesdays and Tuesday from 6.30pm to 7.30pm at the branch surgery in Bubwith. The practice in Gilberdyke offers an extended provision on Tuesdays and Thursdays from 6.30pm – 7pm, and on Saturdays from 8.30am to 10.45am.		
	Out of Hours	Beverley, Goole, Selby		
	Minor Injuries Unit	Beverley, Goole, Selby		
<b>3.158. Necessary Services; gaps in provision</b>	The PCT consider that there is inadequate provision of pharmaceutical services in Holme on Spalding Moor between 6pm and 7.30pm on Mondays and Wednesdays considering the current pharmacy opening hours and ease of access to pharmaceutical services in other locations at this time. There is currently no provision of pharmaceutical services in the ward on Sundays. However, in view of the fact that out of hours provision is currently provided outside the ward the PCT considers there is no gap in necessary service provision.			

<b>3.159. Other Relevant Services: current provision</b>		<b>Currently provide</b>	<b>Intending to provide in next 12 months</b>	<b>Not intending to provide</b>
	Medicines Use Reviews	2 pharmacies	0 pharmacies	0 pharmacies
	Appliance Use Review	0 pharmacies	0 pharmacies	2 pharmacies
	Stoma Customisation	0 pharmacies	0 pharmacies	2 pharmacies
	Enhanced Services	A list of enhanced services provided by the pharmacies can be found in Appendix Fourteen		
	Other	None identified		
<b>3.160. Improvements and Better Access: gaps in provision</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Supervised buprenorphine consumption service. The PCT considers there to be a gap in service provision and will commission this low demand service on an individual patient basis</li> <li>Needle exchange service</li> <li>Smoking Cessation service</li> </ul> <p>The PCT considers there to be gaps in service provision and will consider the need to commission these services in this ward.</p>			
<b>3.161. Potential new services</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>NHS Health Checks</li> </ul>			

### Issues for consideration

Having considered the information provided about pharmaceutical provision in this Ward, please consider the questions below and fill in the accompanying questionnaire which is available from our website at [www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna](http://www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna).

- Do you agree with the gap described in necessary pharmaceutical services?
- Do you agree with the gap described for improvements and better access?
- Are there other gaps for improvements and better access that you would like to suggest for this Ward?
- Do you agree with the suggestions for potential new services?
- Are there other suggestions for potential new services that you would like to make?
- Would you like to make any other comments about this Ward?

## Howden (Map 36)

<b>3.162. Ward Profile</b>  Population	The population of this ward is 4,800 (ONS mid-year estimates 2008) with a population density of 2.2 people per hectare (ERY average 1.4 people per hectare). The Howden ward is small and rural covering the villages of Asselby and Barmby on the Marsh as well as Howden. <b>By population this is the smallest ward in the East Riding.</b> <b>16.8% of the population is aged 40-49.</b>		
Income	The average household income for 2009 is high at £41,300 (ERY average £32,700) (Acxiom). The number of people claiming benefits in the ward is lower than the East Riding average. People on Incapacity Benefit is 3.2% (ERY average 5%), and those claiming Disability Living Allowance is 0.5% (ERY average 1%) (DWP, 2009). Employment in the ward is high with the amount of people claiming Job Seekers Allowance 2.8% (ERY average 3.5%) (DWP, 2009).		
Deprivation	The level of deprivation in this ward is low, based on the 2007 Indices of Deprivation (CLG) two out of three LSOAs in the ward are ranked in the 20% least deprived for England.		
Health Priorities	SAR and SMR data would indicate that the health of the ward population is above average across all conditions considered (see Appendices Twelve and Thirteen)		
<b>3.163. Access to Healthcare:</b>	79.8% of people travelled 3 miles or less to their GP surgery (ERY average 84.3%). In terms of travel time 88.1% travelled 15 minutes or less (ERY average 79.2%) (PCT 2009 lifestyle survey). A fairly high proportion (43.9%) responded that they usually walk to the GP surgery, though a similar number (46.9%) stated that they usually use their own car.		
<b>3.164. Necessary Services: current provision</b>	Pharmacies	1	
	GP Surgeries	1	Dispensing 1
	GP Extended Hrs	The GP surgery offers an extended provision from 6.30pm to 10.00 pm on a Tuesday each week	
	Out of Hours	Goole	
	Minor Injuries Unit	Goole	
	Notes	A relatively high number (11%) of prescriptions generated by the GP surgery are dispensed in neighboring wards.	
<b>3.165. Necessary Services; gaps in provision</b>	Although there is no dispensing service covering the extended provision within the ward, there is a dispensing service until 10.30pm in the neighbouring ward. The PCT consider therefore that there is no gap in provision.		

<b>3.166. Other Relevant Services: current provision</b>		<b>Currently provide</b>	<b>Intending to provide in next 12 months</b>	<b>Not intending to provide</b>
	Medicines Use Reviews	1 pharmacy	0 pharmacies	0 pharmacies
	Appliance Use Review	0 pharmacies	0 pharmacies	1 pharmacy
	Stoma Customisation	0 pharmacies	0 pharmacies	1 pharmacy
	Enhanced Services	A list of enhanced services provided by the pharmacies can be found in Appendix Fourteen		
	Other	None identified		
<b>3.167. Improvements and Better Access: gaps in provision</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Needle exchange service</li> <li>• Smoking cessation counseling service</li> </ul> <p>The PCT considers there to be a gaps in service provision and will consider the need to commission these service sin this ward. Although there is no choice of provider within the ward the PCT considers there is adequate choice of provider in neighbouring wards.</p>			
<b>3.168. Potential new services</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• NHS Health Checks</li> </ul>			

### Issues for consideration

Having considered the information provided about pharmaceutical provision in this Ward, please consider the questions below and fill in the accompanying questionnaire which is available from our website at [www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna](http://www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna).

- Do you agree that there are no gaps in necessary pharmaceutical services?
- Do you agree with the gaps described for improvements and better access?
- Are there other gaps for improvements and better access that you would like to suggest for this Ward?
- Do you agree with the suggestions for potential new services?
- Are there other suggestions for potential new services that you would like to make?
- Would you like to make any other comments about this Ward?

## Goole North (Map 37)

<b>3.169. Ward Profile</b>  Population	The population of this ward is 10,300 (ONS mid-year estimates 2008) with a population density of 22.3 people per hectare (ERY average 1.4 people per hectare). This indicates the urban nature of the ward, covering a large part of Goole and the village of Hook on the River Ouse.		
Income	The average household income for 2009 is low at £24,300 (ERY average £32,700) (Acxiom). The number of people claiming benefits in the ward is close to the East Riding average. People on Incapacity Benefit is 5.3% (ERY average 5%) and those claiming Disability Living Allowance is 0.8% (ERY average 1%) (DWP, 2009). Employment in the ward is slightly low with the amount of people claiming Job Seekers Allowance 4.5% (ERY average 3.5% (DWP, 2009).		
Deprivation	The level of deprivation in this ward is around average, based on the 2007 Indices of Deprivation (CLG) two out of six LSOAs in the ward are ranked in the 30% most deprived for England, however a further two are ranked 30% least deprived.		
Health Priorities	SAR data would indicate that tackling CHD and COPD and reducing lung cancer admissions are priorities for this ward. However, neither the admission rate for CHD nor the mortality rate is significantly above the National average (Appendix Twelve and Thirteen).		
<b>3.170. Access to Healthcare:</b>	96.9% of people travelled 3 miles or less (ERY average 84.3%). In terms of travel time 84.1% travelled 15 minutes or less (ERY average 79.2%) (PCT 2009 lifestyle survey).		
<b>3.171. Necessary Services: current provision</b>	Pharmacies	3 One pharmacy operates as a 100 hour pharmacy in Goole giving essential extended hours access to pharmaceutical services in the early morning, evenings and at weekends. They are open from 6.30am to 10.30pm on Monday to Friday 6.30am to 10pm on Saturday and 10am to 4pm on Sunday.	
	GP Surgeries	2	Dispensing 0
	GP Extended Hrs	One practice offers extended provision each Tuesday from 6.30pm -7.30pm, Wednesday from 7.30am – 8.00am and 6.30pm - 7.30pm, and Saturday from 8.30am – 11.30am.	
	Out of Hours	An Out of Hours Service is provided by ERY Community Services in Goole.	
	Minor Injuries Unit	A 24 hour Minor Injuries service is provided by North Lincolnshire and Goole Hospitals Trust at Goole District Hospital	
<b>3.172. Necessary Services; gaps in provision</b>	The PCT does not consider that there are any gaps in the provision of pharmaceutical services in the ward that either need to be filled to meet an immediate gap or need to be commissioned in specified future circumstances.		

<b>3.173. Other Relevant Services: current provision</b>		<b>Currently provide</b>	<b>Intending to provide in next 12 months</b>	<b>Not intending to provide</b>
	Medicines Use Reviews	3 pharmacies	0 pharmacies	0 pharmacies
	Appliance Use Review	0 pharmacies	2 pharmacies	1 pharmacy
	Stoma Customisation	0 pharmacies	2 pharmacies	1 pharmacy
	Enhanced Services	A list of enhanced services provided by the pharmacies can be found in Appendix Fourteen		
	Other	The PCT commissions smoking cessation clinics in Goole on Mondays (2.30pm to 4.30pm and 6pm to 8pm) and Thursdays (10.30am to 12.30pm).		
<b>3.174. Improvements and Better Access: gaps in provision</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Smoking cessation counseling service The PCT considers there to be a gap in service provision and will consider the need to commission a service in this ward.</li> </ul>			
<b>3.175. Potential new services</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>NHS Health Checks</li> <li>Weight management services</li> <li>Medicines management services for specific long term conditions (e.g. CHD and COPD)</li> </ul>			

### Issues for consideration

Having considered the information provided about pharmaceutical provision in this Ward, please consider the questions below and fill in the accompanying questionnaire which is available from our website at [www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna](http://www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna).

- Do you agree that there are no gaps in necessary pharmaceutical services?
- Do you agree with the gap described for improvements and better access?
- Are there other gaps for improvements and better access that you would like to suggest for this Ward?
- Do you agree with the suggestions for potential new services?
- Are there other suggestions for potential new services that you would like to make?
- Would you like to make any other comments about this Ward?

## Goole South (Map 38)

<b>3.176. Ward Profile</b>  Population	The population of this ward is 9,400 (ONS mid-year estimates 2008) with a population density of 16.8 people per hectare (ERY average 1.4 people per hectare). This ward covers the largest part of Goole. <b>33.3% of the population is aged 24 and under.</b> <b>Only 21% of the population is aged 60 or over – the lowest level in the East Riding.</b>		
Income	The average household income for 2009 is low at £26,100 (ERY average £32,700) (Acxiom). The percentage of people claiming benefits is a lot higher than the East Riding average. People of a pensionable age claiming Pension Credit is 34% (ERY average 21%) and those claiming Incapacity Benefit is 7% (ERY average 5%) (DWP, 2009). Employment in the ward is lower than in the East Riding as a whole with the amount of people claiming Job Seekers Allowance 7.6% (ERY average 3.5%) (DWP, 2009).		
Deprivation	<b>The level of deprivation in this ward is the second highest in the East Riding.</b> Based on the 2007 Indices of Deprivation (CLG) two out of six LSOAs in the ward are ranked in the 20% most deprived for England. When looking at the Crime domain, three of the LSOAs are ranked in the lowest 10% most deprived.		
Health Priorities	<b>Life expectancy at birth is 76.3 years – one of the lowest in the East Riding. Goole South ward has the highest teenage conception rate in the East Riding. Tackling this high teenage conception rate is a priority for the ward.</b> <b>SAR data suggests tackling long term condition management including CHD and COPD and reducing alcohol related emergency admissions and lung cancer admissions are also a priority for the ward (see Appendix Twelve)</b>		
<b>3.177. Access to Healthcare:</b>	96.4% of people travelled 3 miles or less to their GP surgery (ERY average 84.3%). However, in terms of travel time only 66% travelled 15 minutes or less (ERY average 79.2%) (PCT 2009 lifestyle survey).		
<b>3.178. Necessary Services: current provision</b>	Pharmacies	3 A pharmacy operates as a 100 hour pharmacy (see Goole North ward)	
	GP Surgeries	1 Branch	Dispensing   0
	GP Extended Hrs	None	
	Out of Hours	An Out of Hours Service is provided by the PCT in Goole.	
	Minor Injuries Unit	A 24 hour Minor Injuries service is provided by North Lincolnshire and Goole Hospitals Trust at Goole District Hospital	
<b>3.179. Necessary Services; gaps in provision</b>	The PCT does not consider that there are any gaps in the provision of pharmaceutical services in the ward that either need to be filled to meet an immediate gap or need to be commissioned in specified future circumstances.		

<b>3.180. Other Relevant Services: current provision</b>		<b>Currently provide</b>	<b>Intending to provide in next 12 months</b>	<b>Not intending to provide</b>
	Medicines Use Reviews	1 pharmacy	2 pharmacies	0 pharmacies
	Appliance Use Review	0 pharmacies	0 pharmacies	3 pharmacies
	Stoma Customisation	0 pharmacies	0 pharmacies	3 pharmacies
	Enhanced Services	A list of enhanced services provided by the pharmacies can be found in Appendix Fourteen		
	Other	The PCT commissions smoking cessation clinics in Goole on Mondays (2.30pm to 4.30pm) and Thursdays (10.30am to 12.30pm).		
<b>3.181. Improvements and Better Access: gaps in provision</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Supervised buprenorphine consumption service. The PCT considers there to be a gap in service provision and will commission this low demand service on an individual patient basis</li> <li>Smoking cessation counseling service. The PCT considers there to be a gap in service provision and will consider the need to commission a service in this ward.</li> </ul>			
<b>3.182. Potential new services</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>NHS Health Checks</li> <li>Weight management services</li> <li>Medicines management services for specific long term conditions (e.g. CHD, COPD and diabetes)</li> <li>Screening and brief intervention service for alcohol consumption</li> <li>PGDs to enable the supply of medicines related to sexual health</li> </ul>			

### Issues for consideration

Having considered the information provided about pharmaceutical provision in this Ward, please consider the questions below and fill in the accompanying questionnaire which is available from our website at [www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna](http://www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna).

- Do you agree that there are no gaps in necessary pharmaceutical services?
- Do you agree with the gaps described for improvements and better access?
- Are there other gaps for improvements and better access that you would like to suggest for this Ward?
- Do you agree with the suggestions for potential new services?
- Are there other suggestions for potential new services that you would like to make?
- Would you like to make any other comments about this Ward?

## Snaith, Airmyn, Rawcliffe and Marshland (Map 39)

<b>3.183. Ward Profile</b>  Population	The population of this ward is 10,000 (ONS mid-year estimates 2008) with a population density of 0.8 people per hectare (ERY average 1.4 people per hectare). This indicates the rural nature of the ward, covering sparsely populated villages to the south of Goole including Snaith and Rawcliffe. <b>23.2% of the population is aged 19 and under.</b>		
Income	The average household income for 2009 is £30,800 (ERY average £32,700) (Acxiom). The proportion of people claiming benefits is similar to the East Riding average.. People of a pensionable age claiming Pension Credit is 20% (ERY average 21%) and those claiming Incapacity Benefit is 4% (ERY average 5%) (DWP, 2009). Employment in the ward is higher than the East Riding with the amount of people claiming Job Seekers Allowance 2.6% (ERY average 3.5%) (DWP, 2009).		
Deprivation	The level of deprivation in this ward is around average, based on the 2007 Indices of Deprivation (CLG) three out of six LSOAs in the ward are ranked in the 40% least deprived for England.		
Health Priorities	SAR data would indicate that the health of the ward population is above average across all conditions considered (see Appendix Twelve) ), though the All Cause Mortality as shown by the SMR and the mortality from CHD are higher than National average (see Appendix Thirteen)		
<b>3.184. Access to Healthcare:</b>	79.2% of people travelled 3 miles or less to their GP surgery (ERY average 84.3%). However, in terms of travel time 80.9% travelled 15 minutes or less (ERY average 79.2%) (PCT 2009 lifestyle survey) The highest proportion of journeys (64.3%) being made by car.		
<b>3.185. Necessary Services: current provision</b>	Pharmacies	1 A pharmacy operates as a 100 hour pharmacy in Goole (see Goole North ward)	
	GP Surgeries	1 Main and 1 Branch	Dispensing 2
	GP Extended Hrs	The main surgery in Snaith offers extended provision on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays from 7.40am – 8.00am and Monday from 6.30pm – 8.30pm	
	Out of Hours	Goole	
	Minor Injuries Unit	Goole	
	Notes	A number of prescriptions (3%) are dispensing in the neighbouring ward in North Yorkshire and York PCT.	
<b>3.186. Necessary Services; gaps in provision</b>	The PCT considers that whilst there is a gap in provision when the GP surgery in Snaith is open extended hours, there is reasonable access to extended hours pharmaceutical services outside the ward on Mondays.		

3.187. Other Relevant Services: current provision		Currently provide	Intending to provide in next 12 months	Not intending to provide
	Medicines Use Reviews	1 pharmacy	0 pharmacies	0 pharmacies
	Appliance Use Review	0 pharmacies	0 pharmacies	1 pharmacy
	Stoma Customisation	0 pharmacies	0 pharmacies	1 pharmacy
	Enhanced Services	A list of enhanced services provided by the pharmacies can be found in Appendix Fourteen		
	Other	The PCT commissions a smoking cessation service on Thursdays (2pm to 4pm) in Snaith.		
3.188. Improvements and Better Access: gaps in provision	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Supervised buprenorphine consumption service.</li> </ul> <p>The PCT considers there to be a gap in service provision and will commission this low demand service on an individual patient basis</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Needle exchange service</li> <li>Smoking cessation counseling service</li> </ul> <p>The PCT considers there to be gaps in service provision and will consider the need to commission these services in this ward. Although there is no choice of provider within the ward the PCT considers there is adequate choice of provider in neighbouring wards.</p>			
3.189. Potential new services	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>NHS Health Checks</li> <li>Weight management services</li> <li>Medicines management services for specific long term conditions (e.g. CHD and diabetes)</li> <li>PGDs to enable the supply of medicines related to sexual health</li> </ul>			

### Issues for consideration

Having considered the information provided about pharmaceutical provision in this Ward, please consider the questions below and fill in the accompanying questionnaire which is available from our website at [www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna](http://www.eastridingofyorkshire.nhs.uk/pna).

- Do you agree that there are no gaps in necessary pharmaceutical services?
- Do you agree with the gaps described for improvements and better access?
- Are there other gaps for improvements and better access that you would like to suggest for this Ward?
- Do you agree with the suggestions for potential new services?
- Are there other suggestions for potential new services that you would like to make?
- Would you like to make any other comments about this Ward?